Beaver & Gephart

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VOL. XXV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 27, 1894. NO 39

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
DANIEL H. HASTINGS, of Centre.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
WALTER LYON, of Allegheny.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL,
AMOS H. MYLIN, of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
GEORGE F. HUFF, of Westmoreland.
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna.

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W. C. ARNOLD, of DuBois.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
M. L. McQUOWN, of Clearfield.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
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General Mahone, who, as chairman of the Virginia State Republican Committee, advised not long ago that no republican Congressional nomination be made in that State, has changed his mind. He now says: "The bolt of the Louisiana sugar planters looks like the entering wedge in the disruption of the solid South. It is the most significant political event that has happened in late years. If I mistake not the example of the disaffected Louisian will prove contagious, and we shall see the solidity of the democratic party in the South speedily disintegrating. In spite of all the cheating that is apt to be done in Virginia this year by the dominant party, the old dominion will probably send three republicans to the House. In Maryland the republicans will win at least three districts and I think two in West Virginia. In Louisiana the democrats will be lucky to get off with the loss of only three Congressmen. In the North it will be in the nature of a clean sweep for the republicans.

Representative Hooker, of New York, who has been all over that State since the adjournment of Congress, says the republicans are certain to carry twenty out of the twenty-four Congressional districts outside of Brooklyn and New York City, and that he will not be surprised if all of them are carried. That's the kind of talk that every republican who comes to Washington these days indulges in.

As Good as Two Dead Men.

Prince Bismark has pretty nearly equaled the feat of the man who interrupted his own funeral by wanting to get up and ride with the driver in order to have a last look at the scenery. His funeral has been set a dozen times. Several hasty persons have even attempted to see that the corpse was on hand. On the first of next April he will be 80 years old. In his youth he won a reputation as a drinker even at a German university, and in a long public life he worked like any slave, devoured food as a steam swallow coal, and endured the hardships of a common soldier in several campaigns. As if this was not enough to kill a man, the doctors have been at him for several years, and hardly a medical society but has had his case under discussion. And yet yesterday, knowing that a deputation was about to visit him, not on any business at all, but merely to see and hear him, he telegraphs them: "Don't come to see me; it's too wet and disagreeable. "I'll go and meet you at the railroad." And when they do march out to Varzin nevertheless, what does this tough old man do but make them as fine a speech as if he was 30 years younger, and then fall to kissing the wives and daughters as if he was but 30. The reporters do not venture to say how many he kissed, but they do say that if the supply had held out and his physician hadn't interfered he might have been at it yet. So far as the world knows he hadn't kissed anybody since he kissed the Kaiser when they were reconciled some months ago. That was a performance that must have had more patriotism in it than pleasure, and the old man doubtless felt yesterday that he owed himself a dozen or so to take the taste off his lips. In any case, the enthusiam and energy with which he seized the opportunity shows that in spite of the wear and tear of age and labor there is iron enough left in the old chancellor to make him a good hand at a corn-husking yet. He may be too old for the Kaiser, but he is all right as a kisser.

Frauds That Must Be Checked.

The attention of the State authorities has recently been called to the numerous frauds and impositions which are being practiced upon many citizens of the State by foreign building and loan associations whose principal headquarters are outside the State and over which the authorities have no control. The most of these complaints have been made by people in Western Pennsylvania and in the vicinity of Bradford where these associations have the largest membership.

The plan of these corporations is to register in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and pay a registration fee of $10.25 which entitles them to do business in the State. Local organizations are then effected through the State and local boards of directors chosen whose duties are simply nominal, but who are supposed to give them standing in the community. A local treasurer is appointed to collect the monthly dues and forward them to the home office.

Complaint is made by those who have taken loans from the associations and given mortages on their property to secure them that as soon as the mortgage is given it is transferred to a third party who in a short time begins proceedings for a forclosure and the unspecting victim discovers that he has no defense to the mortgage and his property is swept away. In New York and other adjoining States laws have been passed forbidding all foreign building and loan associations to transact business within their borders. The number of these associations doing business in Pennsylvania is constantly increasing, and it is likely that an effort will be made to secure the passage of a law by the next Legislature which will guarantee greater protection to their shareholders in this State. If they are allowed to go on as they have it is feared the frauds may become as great as those practiced by the "death-bed insurance" companies which were throttled several years ago by the State authorities.

Mountain peaks 12,000 feet and upwards in height appear to be as plenty in Alaska as are observed planets in the sky. A newly-discovered peak situated somewhere west of Mount St. Elias has been named Mount Hamlin, in honor of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has been making a visit to the Seal Islands. If any other public officials want to hand their names down to posterity thre are doubtless other mountain peaks in our Seward purchase waiting to be discovered and named. Alaska abounds in mountains if in nothing else.

FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION.

Those who are not so unfortunate as to be left in idleness will have the opportunity to test free trade by the household budget. They will find that free trade is a system of taxation, no less than protection, and has to get just as much revenue out of the people for the treasury. They also will find that while protection adjusts duties for the benefit of American labor, free trade shifts those duties to articles which do not compete with American labor, but which all classes have to consume. Thus raw sugar came in free under the McKinley tariff, and this at once forced down the price of all sugars. Now they will go up, and every time a woman buys a pound of sugar, or a child spends a dime on candy, they will pay part of the tax taken off the clothing imported for "society" people from London or Paris.

In fact, the duties levied on imports by the McKinley tariff bill fell slightly or not at all upon the body of the people, while they worked to secure to them the largest and best paid employment possible. Those of the new tariff, in so far as they fall below the McKinley bill, tend to reduce both wages and employment, while the new taxes will fall upon the people at large out of all proportion to their ability to pay. The duties on sugar, on which Mr. Carlisle counts to bring up the revenue, are borne in proportion to consumption. The rich consume only a little more than the poor do a head, and the bulk of the tax will fall on the most numerous class, and that least able to bear it.

We have heard a great deal of the rapid growth of big fortunes in America, and the tariff has been charged with being the cause of it. A close examination of 1,100 of the biggest fortunes in and around New York shows that very few of them have been accumulated in manufacturing. Dealing in stocks, managing railroads, and ownership of real estate have been the basis of most. In fact, the tariff tended to equalize conditions, so long as it was thoroughly protective. It enabled workmen to demand better wages, and to accumulate savings by hundreds of millions of dollars, while it exempted them from taxes on necessaries produced abroad. The new tariff [illegible] the first step toward the kind of tariff the ruling class have enacted in England for their own benefit—that is, a tariff which does nothing for English labor, but levies high duties on tea, coffee, sugar, tobacco and other articles of general consumption. In this way the bulk of this English taxation falls on the poor, and tends to keep them down.

A FAIR SAMPLE.

The principal result of the tariff agitation was the closing down of the majority of the places of employment. Now that the agitation is over, unless the Democrats succeed in maintaining control of the government, the owners of manufacturing establishments are looking the situation in the face, trying to discover where and what the chances are for resumption and how they can adjust their business to the new conditions forced on them by the new tariff. A sample of the new conditions is furnished by a notice that has just been posted in the mill of the American Cordage Manufacturing company at Greenpoint, New York. Here is the notice:

"The government of the United States having removed the duty on bagging, it can be imported free. Bagging is manufactured in India, Germany and Scotland. Wages in these countries are as follows: For weavers, spinners and men laborers, ten cents per day in India; thirty cents per day in Germany; forty-five cents per day in Scotland, and other countries in proportion.

"In spite of these very low wages paid in other countries the company hopes that it may be found possible to continue the business here. Inquiry is now being made as to the cost of landing bagging here from other countries, and on the information obtained the management will determine what course to pursue. It is with much sorrow that the employes are notified that under the best conditions that are hoped for it will not be possible to continue to pay the present scale of wages.

"By about Nov. 1 it will be decided whether the mill can be run at all, and if so at what rate of pay for each class of employes. Meantime the present rate of wages will continue to be paid. The managers of the company appreciate the good work lately given by all the employes, and while thanking each one, now wish to remind them that it is only by extra effort and increased production that the mill can possibly be kept going."

The mill employs about 700 hands, and it is safe to say that none of them will vote the ticket this year of the party that has made it possible for the product of the labor that is paid ten, thirty and forty-five cents a day to come into the country free of duty in competition with the product of the well paid American labor, of which they were a part before the tariff agitation and the passage of the Gorman tariff bill.

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Orway & Co., Boston, Mass

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

BUT DON'T STOP WORKING.

Following the defeat of his candidate, Mr. McAleer, for renomination as the Democratic candidate for congress in the Third district last week, Mr. Singerly, the Democratic candidate for governor, issued an address to the state Democrats as follows:

"The action of the Democrats who controlled the convention in the Third district yesterday, it may as well be confessed now as sixty days hence, will thoroughly demoralize, dishearten and defeat Democratic effort to poll a full vote in this city in November. This district was the key to the situation in Philadelphia, and Democrats throughout the state are entitled to a candid admission of the failure of the organization here to bring about harmonious action, and the necessary consequences of failure.

"From this time forth the canvas should be waged throughout the state with a view to the election of as many congressmen, senators, representatives and county officials as possible, without special effort for the state ticket. Effort should be concentrated at these points where it may prove effectual. The state ticket has been doomed by the practical abandonment of organized action in Philadelphia, where 100,000 Democrats have allowed themselves to be handcuffed and delivered into the control of a few contemptible ringsters, roosters and ruffians."

This practically means that Mr. Singerly has withdrawn from the head of the Democratic ticket and that he means to have nothing more to do with the campaign.

Republicans, however, should not take too much for granted and run the risk of suffering thereby. The general effort started all over the state several weeks ago to conduct this campaign from a Republican standpoint, as though there were dangers of defeat, should be continued to the end. There should be no cessation of the efforts to poll every vote of the Republican party, and every vote of that great army of dissatisfied former Democrats for the Republican candidates who are upholding in this contest the cause of protection to American workmen. The greater the Republican majority in Pennsylvania this year the surer will it be that no more efforts will be made to pauperize the labor of the country.

Let the opposition act as it will, but there should be no let up to Republican effort; and while it cannot be doubted that the indications for a remarkably large Republican majority are increasing all of the time, that is all the greater reason why Republican effort should continue until the last vote is polled. Much is expected of Pennsylvania. Let her continue her record for warranting the expectations of those who always depend upon her to lead in any cause that is a good one. It is not a question of Mr. Singerly now any more than it was in the beginning, but of the policy of the party he represents, and that fact should be borne in mind to the end, no matter what disturbances occur within the ranks of the supporters of President Cleveland and the poverty producing policy of his administration.

CLEVELAND ADMITS IT.

A favorite argument of the few Pennsylvanians who continue to advocate the policy of the Democratic party is to claim that the hard times that have existed during the time that the present Democratic administration has been in power were a legacy from President Harrison's administration. There are numerous good arguments well known to every observant man against this foolish claim, but one of the best was presented by Congressman Babcock, of Wisconsin, in a speech in congress, in which he quoted from the message of President Cleveland to congress on Aug. 7, 1893, to prove that the Republican party left no such legacy when it went out of power for a brief season. Mr. Babcock said:

"President Cleveland's message convening congress in extra session Aug. 7, 1893, states that financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side suddenly. We admit the fact. The opening sentence of his message is as follows:

"With plenteous crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to safe investment, and with satisfactory assurance to business enterprise, sudden financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side.

"The Republicans believe just what the president has said in his message. Business assurance, safe investment, abundant promise, but it was all changed suddenly when the people discovered the power they had placed in the hands of the Democrats.

"Bradstreet and Dun report a loss of $2,000,000,000 to trade since the inauguration of President Cleveland. To this must be added about fifty millions of a deficit in the national finances and fifty millions of bonds issued to carry on the government. If the results of the new tariff bill should prove to be all that its friends have claimed for it it will have to earn one thousand millions each year of the remainder of President Cleveland's term in order to place the government and the people in as good condition financially as they were on the 8th day of November, 1892, when Grover Cleveland was elected. This is more than any Democratic administration has accomplished.

"The Democrats were in power fifty-six years previous to the present term of Mr. Cleveland. For that whole period the balance of trade was against us to the amount of 1,120,000,000. Two thousand years of Democratic rule would not bring back to us the loss sustained during this period.

"From 1874 to 1894 there never was a deficit in the treasury, but on June 30, 1894, under the management of the present administration, a real deficit did occur."

AN OLD SOLDIER'S ROMANCE.

Came to Pittsburg for the Encampment and Married His First Love.

Wheeling, W. Va., September 25.—Mrs. Elizabeth Sweeney, relict of Col. Robert E. Sweeney, of Martins Ferry, was married Monday to Mr. James McBryde, a wealthy business man and farmer of Piper City, Ill. The couple were lovers and were engaged twenty-five years ago. They quarreled and the prospective bride, who was then Miss Lizzie Woods, was married to Col. R. E. Sweeney, a well-known brick manufacturer, who was an officer in the confederate army. Mr. McBryde went to Illinois and married a young lady who died several years ago. Col. Sweeney died several years ago, leaving four children, three of whom are living.

A year or two after Col. Sweeney's death Mr. McBryde wrote to Mrs. Sweeney and they have been corresponding ever since. Mr. McBryde proposed to Mrs. Sweeney about a year ago and was refused. He frequently told her of his love for her, said that he wished to marry her when a girl and could not get her then. This summer he wrote stating that he would attend the G. A. R. encampment in Pittsburg in September, that he wanted her to marry him then and return with him to Illinois. Mr. McBryde stopped at Martins Ferry on his way to Pittsburg and his offer was finally accepted and the details arranged. Mr. McBryde attended the big encampment at Pittsburg, where he saw many of his comrades, and he has married and returned to Illinois with his bride and first love, as happy as could be. The groom is 53 years old and served as a private in the war with a Belmont county company in the Ninety-eighth Ohio His bride is considerably younger.

Highwaymen on Fifth Avenue.

The police organization of New York seems to be thoroughly demoralized. They are afraid to make arrests, pleads Superintendent Byrnes in their behalf, because they are hounded so by the newspapers and by the courts if they make a mistake. Certainly policemen who arrest unoffending and respectable women and men who have committed no offense whatever, as has happened several times in New York within a few months, deserve to be censured. That is no excuse for allowing a gang of highwaymen to parade Fifth avenue and assault and rob citizens right and left in the early evening or for suffering a railroad car to be held up and robbed as easily as if it were a stage coach in remote Montana or Arizona. The Fifth Avenue robberies were done to the accompaniment of a procession and a brass band, but not a policeman was attracted to the scene of the melee.

It is probable that New York is just now at the lowest ebb of its misgovernment. The Parkhurst exposures have shown that the police are in league with thieves and often are thieves themselves, systematic blackmailers and uniformed brigands. It has been proved that they demand and receive a share of the profits of prostitution, gambling, the bunco business, the green goods trade, and that they make a regular profit in returning stolen goods without making arrests. In return for exemption from persecution they levied toll on the hucksters, grocers, sidewalk traders, steamship companies and every trade, occupation, company, firm or individual which they were in a position to molest or annoy unless they purchased peace by paying the sums demanded by the police. This has been shown and proved to a demonstration and more remains behind. It is reported in the New York "Sun" that the members of the police force entitled to retire on half pay are eager to do so at once to the number of 100. They want to get out. Those not so favorably situated show a dispositien to lie down and let their old friends, the thieves and sluggers and toughs, have their own way. New York city is no longer a safe place after nightfall for men with watches or for women with pocketbooks.

A change is certain to take place soon. The darkest hour is said to be immediately before the dawn and the New York municipal government is certainly just now under a very deep shadow. The beginning of better things will come when the Tammany government is turned down and the police and detective service is reformed and reconstructed from the top to the bottom.

See What

The well-known manager of excursions to Washington, California, and the White Mountains, I. A. Whitcomb, says: I have never had anything do me so much good as your Sulphur Bitters. It is the best spring medicine I ever used. I would advise all who suffer from biliousness and dyspepsia to use Sulphur Bitters, for I know they cured me.

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Mr. Jeremiah O'Rourke, who was compelled by Secretary Carlisle to turn loose one of the best paying offices under the Treasury department—supervising architect—, said before leaving Washington that Logan Carlisle, chief clerk of the Treasury, was at the bottom of all his woes. Logan wanted to dictate all the appointments, decisions concerning contracts etc., in the Supervising Architects office, just as he does in all the other Treasury Bureaus, and Mr. O'Rourke objected. Secretary Carlisle stood by his son Logan, as he usually does, and Mr. O'Rourke added the prefix "ex" to his name. While this would seem to be merely a democratic family row, it is in reality something much more important. The Supervising Architect is charged with the duty of letting all contracts for the construction or repair of public buildings throughout the country, and there is much ugly talk about contractors being favored by order of Logan Carlisle. O'Rourke openly threatened to make sensational disclosures concerning the business of the architect's office, and did say that he favored the contractors his resignation would never have been asked for. But just then some influence was brought to bear upon him and he suddenly became as dumb as a clam. Still, it will surprise nobody hereabouts to find the architect's office the center of a sensational scandal in the near future. Others besides Mr. O'Rourke are in possession of the facts, and they may not be so easily muzzled.

Senator Manderson will this week go to Nebraska to take an active part in the campaign. The statement that he would not be a candidate for re-election was made without his authority, and probably merely with the hope that it would help the demo-pop combine in that State by leaving the impression that Senator Manderson did not wish to become a candidate because he did not believe a republican legislature would be elected. As a matter of fact, the Senator says he feels absolutely certain that the republicans will control the legislature. As to his own candidacy he did not care to talk further than to say that he had not authorized the statement referred to above. But his close friends say they expect him to be re-elected to the Senate, where he has so faithfully served Nebraska.

General Mahone, who, as chairman of the Virginia State Republican Committee, advised not long ago that no republican Congressional nomination be made in that State, has changed his mind. He now says: "The bolt of the Louisiana sugar planters looks like the entering wedge in the disruption of the solid South. It is the most significant political event that has happened in late years. If I mistake not the example of the disaffected Louisian will prove contagious, and we shall see the solidity of the democratic party in the South speedily disintegrating. In spite of all the cheating that is apt to be done in Virginia this year by the dominant party, the old dominion will probably send three republicans to the House. In Maryland the republicans will win at least three districts and I think two in West Virginia. In Louisiana the democrats will be lucky to get off with the loss of only three Congressmen. In the North it will be in the nature of a clean sweep for the republicans.

Representative Hooker, of New York, who has been all over that State since the adjournment of Congress, says the republicans are certain to carry twenty out of the twenty-four Congressional districts outside of Brooklyn and New York City, and that he will not be surprised if all of them are carried. That's the kind of talk that every republican who comes to Washington these days indulges in.

As Good as Two Dead Men.

Prince Bismark has pretty nearly equaled the feat of the man who interrupted his own funeral by wanting to get up and ride with the driver in order to have a last look at the scenery. His funeral has been set a dozen times. Several hasty persons have even attempted to see that the corpse was on hand. On the first of next April he will be 80 years old. In his youth he won a reputation as a drinker even at a German university, and in a long public life he worked like any slave, devoured food as a steam swallow coal, and endured the hardships of a common soldier in several campaigns. As if this was not enough to kill a man, the doctors have been at him for several years, and hardly a medical society but has had his case under discussion. And yet yesterday, knowing that a deputation was about to visit him, not on any business at all, but merely to see and hear him, he telegraphs them: "Don't come to see me; it's too wet and disagreeable. "I'll go and meet you at the railroad." And when they do march out to Varzin nevertheless, what does this tough old man do but make them as fine a speech as if he was 30 years younger, and then fall to kissing the wives and daughters as if he was but 30. The reporters do not venture to say how many he kissed, but they do say that if the supply had held out and his physician hadn't interfered he might have been at it yet. So far as the world knows he hadn't kissed anybody since he kissed the Kaiser when they were reconciled some months ago. That was a performance that must have had more patriotism in it than pleasure, and the old man doubtless felt yesterday that he owed himself a dozen or so to take the taste off his lips. In any case, the enthusiam and energy with which he seized the opportunity shows that in spite of the wear and tear of age and labor there is iron enough left in the old chancellor to make him a good hand at a corn-husking yet. He may be too old for the Kaiser, but he is all right as a kisser.

Frauds That Must Be Checked.

The attention of the State authorities has recently been called to the numerous frauds and impositions which are being practiced upon many citizens of the State by foreign building and loan associations whose principal headquarters are outside the State and over which the authorities have no control. The most of these complaints have been made by people in Western Pennsylvania and in the vicinity of Bradford where these associations have the largest membership.

The plan of these corporations is to register in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and pay a registration fee of $10.25 which entitles them to do business in the State. Local organizations are then effected through the State and local boards of directors chosen whose duties are simply nominal, but who are supposed to give them standing in the community. A local treasurer is appointed to collect the monthly dues and forward them to the home office.

Complaint is made by those who have taken loans from the associations and given mortages on their property to secure them that as soon as the mortgage is given it is transferred to a third party who in a short time begins proceedings for a foreclosure and the unspecting victim discovers that he has no defense to the mortgage and his property is swept away. In New York and other adjoining States laws have been passed forbidding all foreign building and loan associations to transact business within their borders. The number of these associations doing business in Pennsylvania is constantly increasing, and it is likely that an effort will be made to secure the passage of a law by the next Legislature which will guarantee greater protection to their shareholders in this State. If they are allowed to go on as they have it is feared the frauds may become as great as those practiced by the "death-bed insurance" companies which were throttled several years ago by the State authorities.

Mountain peaks 12,000 feet and upwards in height appear to be as plenty in Alaska as are observed planets in the sky. A newly-discovered peak situated somewhere west of Mount St. Elias has been named Mount Hamlin, in honor of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has been making a visit to the Seal Islands. If any other public officials want to hand their names down to posterity thre are doubtless other mountain peaks in our Seward purchase waiting to be discovered and named. Alaska abounds in mountains if in nothing else.

FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION.

Those who are not so unfortunate as to be left in idleness will have the opportunity to test free trade by the household budget. They will find that free trade is a system of taxation, no less than protection, and has to get just as much revenue out of the people for the treasury. They also will find that while protection adjusts duties for the benefit of American labor, free trade shifts those duties to articles which do not compete with American labor, but which all classes have to consume. Thus raw sugar came in free under the McKinley tariff, and this at once forced down the price of all sugars. Now they will go up, and every time a woman buys a pound of sugar, or a child spends a dime on candy, they will pay part of the tax taken off the clothing imported for "society" people from London or Paris.

In fact, the duties levied on imports by the McKinley tariff bill fell slightly or not at all upon the body of the people, while they worked to secure to them the largest and best paid employment possible. Those of the new tariff, in so far as they fall below the McKinley bill, tend to reduce both wages and employment, while the new taxes will fall upon the people at large out of all proportion to their ability to pay. The duties on sugar, on which Mr. Carlisle counts to bring up the revenue, are borne in proportion to consumption. The rich consume only a little more than the poor do a head, and the bulk of the tax will fall on the most numerous class, and that least able to bear it.

We have heard a great deal of the rapid growth of big fortunes in America, and the tariff has been charged with being the cause of it. A close examination of 1,100 of the biggest fortunes in and around New York shows that very few of them have been accumulated in manufacturing. Dealing in stocks, managing railroads, and ownership of real estate have been the basis of most. In fact, the tariff tended to equalize conditions, so long as it was thoroughly protective. It enabled workmen to demand better wages, and to accumulate savings by hundreds of millions of dollars, while it exempted them from taxes on necessaries produced abroad, [illegible] tariff [illegible] the first step toward the kind of tariff the ruling class have enacted in England for their own benefit—that is, a tariff which does nothing for English labor, but levies high duties on tea, coffee, sugar, tobacco and other articles of general consumption. In this way the bulk of this English taxation falls on the poor, and tends to keep them down.

A FAIR SAMPLE.

The principal result of the tariff agitation was the closing down of the majority of the places of employment. Now that the agitation is over, unless the Democrats succeed in maintaining control of the government, the owners of manufacturing establishments are looking the situation in the face, trying to discover where and what the chances are for resumption and how they can adjust their business to the new conditions forced on them by the new tariff. A sample of the new conditions is furnished by a notice that has just been posted in the mill of the American Cordage Manufacturing company at Greenpoint, New York. Here is the notice:

"The government of the United States having removed the duty on bagging, it can be imported free. Bagging is manufactured in India, Germany and Scotland. Wages in these countries are as follows: For weavers, spinners and men laborers, ten cents per day in India; thirty cents per day in Germany; forty-five cents per day in Scotland, and other countries in proportion.

"In spite of these very low wages paid in other countries the company hopes that it may be found possible to continue the business here. Inquiry is now being made as to the cost of landing bagging here from other countries, and on the information obtained the management will determine what course to pursue. It is with much sorrow that the employes are notified that under the best conditions that are hoped for it will not be possible to continue to pay the present scale of wages.

"By about Nov. 1 it will be decided whether the mill can be run at all, and if so at what rate of pay for each class of employes. Meantime the present rate of wages will continue to be paid. The managers of the company appreciate the good work lately given by all the employes, and while thanking each one, now wish to remind them that it is only by extra effort and increased production that the mill can possibly be kept going."

The mill employs about 700 hands, and it is safe to say that none of them will vote the ticket this year of the party that has made it possible for the product of the labor that is paid ten, thirty and forty-five cents a day to come into the country free of duty in competition with the product of the well paid American labor, of which they were a part before the tariff agitation and the passage of the Gorman tariff bill.

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Urway & Co., Boston, Mass

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

BUT DON'T STOP WORKING.

Following the defeat of his candidate, Mr. McAleer, for renomination as the Democratic candidate for congress in the Third district last week, Mr. Singerly, the Democratic candidate for governor, issued an address to the state Democrats as follows:

"The action of the Democrats who controlled the convention in the Third district yesterday, it may as well be confessed now as sixty days hence, will thoroughly demoralize, dishearten and defeat Democratic effort to poll a full vote in this city in November. This district was the key to the situation in Philadelphia, and Democrats throughout the state are entitled to a candid admission of the failure of the organization here to bring about harmonious action, and the necessary consequences of failure.

"From this time forth the canvas should be waged throughout the state with a view to the election of as many congressmen, senators, representatives and county officials as possible, without special effort for the state ticket. Effort should be concentrated at these points where it may prove effectual. The state ticket has been doomed by the practical abandonment of organized action in Philadelphia, where 100,000 Democrats have allowed themselves to be handcuffed and delivered into the control of a few contemptible ringsters, roosters and ruffians."

This practically means that Mr. Singerly has withdrawn from the head of the Democratic ticket and that he means to have nothing more to do with the campaign.

Republicans, however, should not take too much for granted and run the risk of suffering thereby. The general effort started all over the state several weeks ago to conduct this campaign from a Republican standpoint, as though there were dangers of defeat, should be continued to the end. There should be no cessation of the efforts to poll every vote of the Republican party, and every vote of that great army of dissatisfied former Democrats for the Republican candidates who are upholding in this contest the cause of protection to American workmen. The greater the Republican majority in Pennsylvania this year the surer will it be that no more efforts will be made to pauperize the labor of the country.

Let the opposition act as it may [illegible] there should be no let up to Republican effort; and while it cannot be doubted that the indications for a remarkably large Republican majority are increasing all of the time, that is all the greater reason why Republican effort should continue until the last vote is polled. Much is expected of Pennsylvania. Let her continue her record for warranting the expectations of those who always depend upon her to lead in any cause that is a good one. It is not a question of Mr. Singerly now any more than it was in the beginning, but of the policy of the party he represents, and that fact should be borne in mind to the end, no matter what disturbances occur within the ranks of the supporters of President Cleveland and the poverty producing policy of his administration.

CLEVELAND ADMITS IT.

A favorite argument of the few Pennsylvanians who continue to advocate the policy of the Democratic party is to claim that the hard times that have existed during the time that the present Democratic administration has been in power were a legacy from President Harrison's administration. There are numerous good arguments well known to every observant man against this foolish claim, but one of the best was presented by Congressman Babcock, of Wisconsin, in a speech in congress, in which he quoted from the message of President Cleveland to congress on Aug. 7, 1893, to prove that the Republican party left no such legacy when it went out of power for a brief season. Mr. Babcock said:

"President Cleveland's message convening congress in extra session Aug. 7, 1893, states that financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side suddenly. We admit the fact. The opening sentence of his message is as follows:

"With plenteous crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to safe investment, and with satisfactory assurance to business enterprise, sudden financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side.

"The Republicans believe just what the president has said in his message. Business assurance, safe investment, abundant promise, but it was all changed suddenly when the people discovered the power they had placed in the hands of the Democrats.

"Bradstreet and Dun report a loss of $2,000,000,000 to trade since the inauguration of President Cleveland. To this must be added about fifty millions of a deficit in the national finances and fifty millions of bonds issued to carry on the government. If the results of the new tariff bill should prove to be all that its friends have claimed for it it will have to earn one thousand millions each year of the remainder of President Cleveland's term in order to place the government and the people in as good condition financially as they were on the 8th day of November, 1892, when Grover Cleveland was elected. This is more than any Democratic administration has accomplished.

"The Democrats were in power fifty-six years previous to the present term of Mr. Cleveland. For that whole period the balance of trade was against us to the amount of 1,120,000,000. Two thousand years of Democratic rule would not bring back to us the loss sustained during this period.

"From 1874 to 1894 there never was a deficit in the treasury, but on June 30, 1894, under the management of the present administration, a real deficit did occur."

AN OLD SOLDIER'S ROMANCE.

Came to Pittsburg for the Encampment and Married His First Love.

Wheeling, W. Va., September 25.—Mrs. Elizabeth Sweeney, relict of Col. Robert E. Sweeney, of Martins Ferry, was married Monday to Mr. James McBryde, a wealthy business man and farmer of Piper City, Ill. The couple were lovers and were engaged twenty-five years ago. They quarreled and the prospective bride, who was then Miss Lizzie Woods, was married to Col. R. E. Sweeney, a well-known brick manufacturer, who was an officer in the confederate army. Mr. McBryde went to Illinois and married a young lady who died several years ago. Col. Sweeney died several years ago, leaving four children, three of whom are living.

A year or two after Col. Sweeney's death Mr. McBryde wrote to Mrs. Sweeney and they have been corresponding ever since. Mr. McBryde proposed to Mrs. Sweeney about a year ago and was refused. He frequently told her of his love for her, said that he wished to marry her when a girl and could not get her then. This summer he wrote stating that he would attend the G. A. R. encampment in Pittsburg in September, that he wanted her to marry him then and return with him to Illinois. Mr. McBryde stopped at Martins Ferry on his way to Pittsburg and his offer was finally accepted and the details arranged. Mr. McBryde attended the big encampment at Pittsburg, where he saw many of his comrades, and he has married and returned to Illinois with his bride and first love, as happy as could be. The groom is 53 years old and served as a private in the war with a Belmont county company in the Ninety-eighth Ohio His bride is considerably younger.

Highwaymen on Fifth Avenue.

The police organization of New York seems to be thoroughly demoralized. They are afraid to make arrests, pleads Superintendent Byrnes in their behalf, because they are hounded so by the newspapers and by the courts if they make a mistake. Certainly policemen who arrest unoffending and respectable women and men who have committed no offense whatever, as has happened several times in New York within a few months, deserve to be censured. That is no excuse for allowing a gang of highwaymen to parade Fifth avenue and assault and rob citizens right and left in the early evening or for suffering a railroad car to be held up and robbed as easily as if it were a stage coach in remote Montana or Arizona. The Fifth Avenue robberies were done to the accompaniment of a procession and a brass band, but not a policeman was attracted to the scene of the melee.

It is probable that New York is just now at the lowest ebb of its misgovernment. The Parkhurst exposures have shown that the police are in league with thieves and often are thieves themselves, systematic blackmailers and uniformed brigands. It has been proved that they demand and receive a share of the profits of prostitution, gambling, the bunco business, the green goods trade, and that they make a regular profit in returning stolen goods without making arrests. In return for exemption from persecution they levied toll on the hucksters, grocers, sidewalk traders, steamship companies and every trade, occupation, company, firm or individual which they were in a position to molest or annoy unless they purchased peace by paying the sums demanded by the police. This has been shown and proved to a demonstration and more remains behind. It is reported in the New York "Sun" that the members of the police force entitled to retire on half pay are eager to do so at once to the number of 100. They want to get out. Those not so favorably situated show a disposition to lie down and let their old friends, the thieves and sluggers and toughs, have their own way. New York city is no longer a safe place after nightfall for men with watches or for women with pocketbooks.

A change is certain to take place soon. The darkest hour is said to be immediately before the dawn and the New York municipal government is certainly just now under a very deep shadow. The beginning of better things will come when the Tammany government is turned down and the police and detective service is reformed and reconstructed from the top to the bottom.

See What

The well-known manager of excursions to Washington, California, and the White Mountains, I. A. Whitcomb, says: I have never had anything do me so much good as your Sulphur Bitters. It is the best spring medicine I ever used. I would advise all who suffer from biliousness and dyspepsia to use Sulphur Bitters, for I know they cured me.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

THE MECHANICS.

Some of the Recommendations of the State Councillor Approved.

Lancaster, Pa., Sept. 19.—At this morning's sessions of the state council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, a telegram of congratulation was received from National Vice Councillor Tyler and greeting was received from the Daughters of America.

The recommendations of the state councillor were considered and the following approved: Continuation of the three special deputy state councillors, one for each district, and that the state councillor issue to each special deputy a special commission defining his duties; that councils be prohibited from making unnecessary demonstration on the Sabbath day when attending church; that they be forbidden to employ or accept gratuitously the services of a band or drum corps; that the action of state council in reference to the guards be rescinded.

Quite a lengthy discussion arose as to the advisability of allowing council guards to parade and appear in public at their will. It was decided to accept the state councillor's recommendation and instruct the national representatives to use their efforts to have the law on the subject rescinded and enact laws that will allow the guards to parade.

The rest of the morning session was consumed in the election of officers. The election was in progress when recess was taken.

The state council of the Daughters of America this morning elected the following officers: State councillor, Mrs. H. K. Reeder, of Altoona; assistant state councillor, A. Z. Reeder, of Altoona; state vice councillor, Mrs. Annie E. Weaver, of Philadelphia; assistant state vice councillor, J. A. Parks, of Pittsburg; state council treasurer, Mrs. Hattie Robbins, of Scranton; state council secretary, T. A. Gerbig, of Scranton.

A resolution was adopted that strenuous efforts be made to induce superintendents of schools and educational institutions to see that the constitution and history of the United States be thoroughly taught, in order to give our foreign population a better knowledge of our institutions.

Tired of Life.

New York, September 21.—Two persons, husband and wife, attempted to kill themselves late this afternoon in their home at 74 East Tenth street. The woman succeeded and the man was taken to the Bellevue hospital in a dying condition. The cause for the tragedy is a mystery. The man is John Bel Vecchio, an actor, and the woman was his wife, Lillian. She is said to have been an actress. The couple occupied [illegible] furnished rooms at the address given. About 4 o'clock this morning other occupants of the house heard groans coming from the room occupied by the Bel Vecchos. The door, which was locked, was broken in, and the woman was found dead and the man gasping for breath. His clothing was covered with blood which had escaped from wounds in his neck. The woman's lips and the lower portion of her face were burned brown, as by the application of some acid. A hasty survey of the situation led those who had entered to reach the conclusion that the woman had ended her life by swallowing a quantity of carbolic acid.

From the appearance of the man's lips he also had evidently taken some of the acid, but not enough to despatch him. In his agony, and probably with a view to putting an end to his suffering, he had jabbed himself in the neck with a pair of scissors, which were found beside him, the blades covered with blood. The wounds made by the scissors were dangerously near the jugular vein.

Time To Quit Fooling.

Six full grown men acting as conferrees in the Centre-Huntingdon Judicial District have been meeting more or less frequently for several weeks and pretending to vote for a candidate for Judge. Three are voting for John G. Love, of Centre, and three for K. Allen Lovell, of Huntingdon. This ridiculous child's play is almost unworthy of serious consideration, and yet there is danger that it may have serious results.

Unless Mr. Love consents to let one or more of his conferrees vote for Mr. Lovell, will let one or more of his conferrees vote for Mr. Love no nomination will be made; both will get their names on the official ballot by means of nomination papers, and what will then happen is easy to forsee. Under the correct and vicious conferree method this matter now rests wholly in the hands of two men. The party people through a system to which for some inscrutible reason they assent, have put it entirely out of their own hands. The people of the district might be willing to accept a new candidate, but naturally neither Mr. Love nor Mr. Lovell, will consent to stand aside for that, and the people are no longer able to exercise any control.

It is time to stop this foolishness and do something that will end somewhere. Before it becomes too late the nomination had better be referred back to the Republican voters through another primary election and without any more fussing with the conferree machinery. The names of both candidates should be submitted in both counties. It would be ascertained in that way who is the popular choice, and the popular choice ought to be the nominee without any question. The conferree business should be thrown aside and a popular agreed to.

At the original primaries Mr. Love received a majority of the votes cast in the two counties, and for that reason can be justly considered as entitled to the nomination. He would have received it without all this delay under any but the conferree method of making nominations. But the conferree system has so far deprived Mr. Love of that which he had a right to expect. Why not resubmit the question to the people? They can be trusted—*Press.*

More Profitable than Wheat.

Juniata county will realize about $100,000 out of peaches this year. As an illustration of the profits in the business it is reported that H. J. Shellenberger realized $5,000 from thirty acres. That county is gaining such a record that city agents now seek the growers instead of the latter being compelled to hunt a market. A number of young orchards will soon be in full bearing in Mifflin county, but too many of our farmers are yet content to raise cheap wheat. They cannot apparently get themselves persuaded to perform the additional work necessary to raise the more profitable crops or think they can't afford to wait while fruit trees or berry vines are maturing. A grower of berries this year near town realized more from a few rows of berries than he did from many times the same space of ground planted in other truck. A young peach orchard near this place bore for the first time this year and the crop netted more than the ground would had it been planted in wheat every year since the trees were set out. Some who have been raising tomatoes for the Belleville cannery are realizing as high as fifty dollars per acre. A farmer in New York came near being ruined by growing wheat. His farm is three hundred and fifty miles away from Philadelphia, over twice as far away from that city as we are, but he has quit raising wheat and taken to dairying, shipping all his milk to Philadelphia. He doesn't now raise a bushel of wheat, but last year on his farm of one hundred and sixty acres he cleared $2,000 out of milk. Brains and work make farming profitable. The day for wheat raising in this country has passed.—Lewistown Gazette.

Mr. Toole an Artist.

Last evening the Grand introduced for the first time in this city the German dialect comedian, J. E. Toole, in "Killarney and the Rhine," a play written by Edward Jerome. Mr. Toole as "Conrad, a knight-errant" in Ireland, proved to be an artist of more than ordinary ability. Some of his methods were similar to those of the late J. K. Emmet. Several characters in the play are very strong and were taken by John Doud and W. H. Harvey. Miss Minnie Jarbo[illegible] a voice of much compass and sang one or two songs very prettily. Miss Alida Cortelyou, who appears as the leading lady, did some clever acting, especially in the prison scene. Mr. Toole will appear to-night and to-morrow's matinee in the same play.—*Farmer, Bridgeport, Ohio; Oct. 10, 1893.*

In Bellefonte Thursday evening, September 27th. Go and see it, if you want to enjoy a good laugh.

Be Your Own Doctor.

It won't cost you one half as much. Do not delay. Send three 2-cent stamps for postage, and we will send you Dr. Kaufman's great work, fine colored plates from life, on disease, its causes and home cure. Address A. P. Orway & Co., Boston, Mass.

—On Thursday two four-light gas burners were put in the postoffice in this place and now the room is flooded with a brilliant light which makes it as bright as day. We are informed that Postmaster Fortney also intends again introducing steam heat the coming winter season. These are advantages which will be appreciated by every patron frequenting the office.

TO LOOK NICE.

ALL WOMEN DESIRE IT.

Some Points About How to Accomplish the Desired End.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

It is the most natural wish in life with women—to feel well and look nice.

It is born with them.

It makes a world of difference to the wee little girl whether or no there is a bit of pretty lace or bright ribbon about her dress or on her hat.

Yes! All women like to look nice. All watch for the least signs of fading. You have seen beautiful ladies, and been amazed to know that they have lived fifty or sixty years of life.

Have you ever stopped to ask why the few look so lovely while the many around you are so haggard?

Look into it, and you will soon find them blessed with a perfect and healthy organism.

Above all, you will find that no female complaints have seared their lives; no dreadful backache, no irregular periods, no bearing down, or any kind of uterus, ovarian, or womb trouble.

You are not like them now, but you may reach their high level if you will.

You suffer, but there is a remedy.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the grandest remedy ever discovered for women. It restores the womb and all irregularities to their natural healthy condition, and makes possible a lovely old age. It cures every form of female complaint, from leucorrhœa to tumors in the womb.

COMING HOME.

A Denial of the Starvation story of the Peary Expedition.

Halifax, N. S. September 21.—The steamer Ulunda arrived from Liverpool last night. She called at St. Johns and brought from there two members of the Peary auxiliary expedition, Professor Chamberlain, of the University of Chicago and Mr. Bridgeman, of Brooklyn. When asked regarding the starvation story published, Professor Chamberlain stated that to the best of his knowledge and personal observation, it was without the slightest foundation. He had remained at Anniversary lodge with Lieutenant Peary and his wife for several weeks on his first arrival there, and fonnd an abundance of food. As an illustration that there had been no starvation, the professor said that on a point above the lodge was a small house, built of boxes and lined with fur skins, which Peary had constructed for his wife to reside in during her illness. The boxes with which this was constructed contained 5,500 pounds weight of provisions.

The story, the professor thought, was the work of some of those members of the party who had become dissatisfied with the life in the north and ill success of the party. The sufferings of the party during the overland expedition, which started March 6, were terrible. Four of them were badly frozen, and one, Davidson, so seriously that he has hardly fully recovered. The experience of the party on this trip was one never to be forgotten and never to be repeated. The conditions of ice and weather which faced the expedition during last winter were exceptional. The March gale were very severe, the thermometer dropping to sixty degrees below zero. The results of the expedition's work are considerable, and when made public will be found to be most valuable.

Disastrous Wreck.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21.—A disastrous wreck occurred to-day at Davis island dam, in the Ohio river, entailing a loss of several thousand dollars, as well as seriously impeding navigation. The steamers Charles Brown, James A. Blackmore and Percy Kelsey, figured in the smashup, which resulted in the sinking of half a dozen coal barges. The current at the breast of the dam was unusually swift. The tow boats were so close together that they had very little room to get out of danger, and were carried down against the head of the locks and stone piers.

The steamboats themselves escaped serious injuries, and that the wreck was not more disastrous was considered remarkable. By to-night all of the coal in port will have been shipped south. The rivers are slowly falling.

Turbulent Miners.

Massillon, O., Sept. 21.—The report from Birmingham, Ala., to the effect that 300 negro miners had started for Massillon, and that a thousand more would follow shortly, has caused intense excitement in this city. Miners from all over the district gathered here to-day. At every street corner crowds of men are congregated, discussing the latest phase of the situation.

State Arbitrator Bishop, who held a conference with a number of leading operator and miners yesterday, says he still has strong hopes of compromising the strike. The operators had suggested that if the miners would accept 65 cents a ton, instead of the proffered 50 cents, the matter could probably adjusted. The union officers held out for 75 cents, however, and declared that the proposition of the operators was not sufficiently favorable to warrant the calling of a mass meeting, as proposed.

Woman's vs. Man's Rights.

Somebody wants to know when it is time for a husband to assert his rights when his wife continuously assails them. There is no answer to the question. A woman may nag a man to madness, but he must bear it. If he desert her he will be arrested for non-maintenance, or if he escape, he will always be considered half fool and half knave. If he separate from her and support her he will be looked upon as altogether a fool because "he could not manage a wife." If he try to assert his authority permanently by beating the woman he will be set down as a brute, and justly. If he beat her the law will deal severely with him, but if she beat him he would be laughed out of court if he should prosecute her. In the assertion of rights is where the man gets left.—Exchange.

Lightning's Strange Freaks.

Friday evening lightning struck a large ash tree about a hundred yards away from the house of Lieut. T. M. Fleck in Sinking Valley. Supper was about ready and the shock shook the dishes on the table until they rattled. It frightened the people in the house considerably, but no one was hurt. The tree was shattered considerably. The same tree was struck by lightning some years ago. This calls to mind a freak that an electrical current performed perhaps twenty years ago, a short distance from this tree, on the farm of Perry Fleck. During a heavy storm five calves gathered under a tree in the corner of a field. Lightning struck the tree and passing down to the calves killed every one of them.

—A child's dress, found Friday evening by the Lutheran church, is awaiting the owner at the *Gazette* office.

Sovereign on The Tariff.

New York, Sept. 21.—General Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor arrived in this city yesterday. "The situation is very quiet in the West," said Mr. Sovereign. "In fact it would be almost lifeless were it not for the coming elections."

After attacking the Democratic party, he continued: "There will surely be an independent party in '96. We cannot coalese with the Peoples party unless it breaks away from many of the principles it now advocated."

Mr. Sovereign then charterized the new tariff bill as "a poor litile orphan sent out into the world as the last living representatives of Jeffersonian simplicity.

—The Coleville band was out in all its glory Friday evening giving serenades in various portions of Bellefonte.

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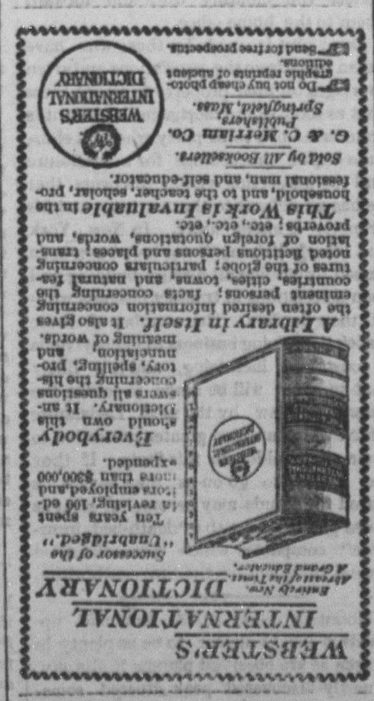
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—W. F. Reeder, Esq., is having steam heat introduced into his residence on Allegheny street.

—Frank Wallace and his crew of brick layers are rapidly pushing the work of the new armory and it is now beginning to look like a gigantic structure.

—There was a little war between the United States and Africa at the P. P. R. station in this place on Wednesday evening, with Uncle Sam coming off victorious.

—Have you noticed the large banner on the Bush Arcade announcing the Republican headquarters? It is ornamented with crayon portraits of the leading candidates, Gen. D. H. Hastings, for governor, and Walter Lyon, for lieutenant governor.

—In addition to being a lightning insurance solicitor Rev. J. A. Woodcock is proving himself a model farmer. On his farm near Milesburg he has about twenty thousand heads of cabbage and from the same place expects to ship over one hundred barrels of cantaloupes.

—The Presbyterian synod of Pennsylvania will meet in the First Presbyterian church of Tyrone, October 18. About two hundred and fifty ministers and elders will be present as delegates from the thirty Presbyteries of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, which comprise the synod.

—Hon. John A. Woodward, of Howard, Pa., is devoting some time and attention to the coming meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, at Penna. State College, on the 17th and 18th of October. Mr. Woodward is a member of the board and a credit to it. He says Centre county will likely be entitled to three farmer's institutes this year.

The Land of Promise

Is the mighty West, the land that "tickled with a hoe laughs at a harvest," the El-Dorado of the miner; the goal of the agricultural emigrant. While it teems with all the elements of wealth and prosperity, some of the fairest and most fruitful portions of it bear a harvest of malaria reaped in its fullness by those unprotected by a medical safeguard. No one seeking or dwelling in a malarial locality is safe from the scourge without Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Emigrants, bear this in mind. Commercial travelers sojourning in malarious regions should carry a bottle of the Bitters in the traditional gripsack. Against the effects of exposure, mental or bodily over-work, damp and unwholesome food or water, it is an infallible defense. Constipation, rheumatism, biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and loss of strength are all remedied by this genial restorative.

Another New Coal Operation.

On Monday Mr. Jacob Mock, of West Decatur, leased both veins of coal on his farm to Henry and William Whitmer and Henry Davis, of Sunbury, Pa., who have already begun operations, and expect to be ready to ship coal very soon. The tract contains about 200 acres, and the coal in both veins is as good as any in the region. The lessees are all rich men, and Judge Davis is an experienced coal man.

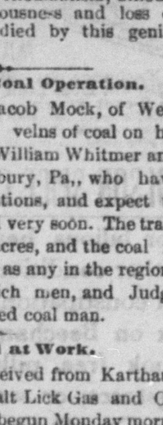
The Drill at Work.

Word has been received from Karthaus that drilling at the Salt Lick Gas and Oil Company's well was begun Monday morning, and the work is progressing as rapidly as is usual when drilling is begun. The work of starting the drill is necessarily slow at first, but after it is fairly under way an average depth of 80 feet is reached every 24 hours. The drill will be kept going day and night.

The Human Electrical Forces!

How They Control the Organs of the Body.

The electrical force of the human body, as the nerve fluid may be termed, is an especially attractive department of science, as it exerts so marked an influence on the health of the organs of the body. Nerve force is produced by the brain and conveyed by means of the nerves to the various organs of the body, thus supplying the latter with the vitality necessary to insure their health. The pneumogastric nerve, as shown here, may be said to be the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy. As will be seen by the cut the long nerve descending from the base of the brain and terminating in the bowels is the pneumogastric, while the numerous little branches supply the heart, lungs and stomach with necessary vitality. When the brain becomes in any way disordered by irritability or exhaustion, the nerve force which it supplies is lessened, and the organs receiving the diminished supply are consequently weakened.



Physicians generally fail to recognize the importance of this fact, but treat the organ itself instead of the cause of the trouble. The noted specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., L. L. B., has given the greater part of his life to the study of this subject, and the principal discoveries concerning it are due to his efforts. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, the unrivalled brain and nerve food, is prepared on the principle that all nervous and many other difficulties originate from disorders of the nerve centers. Its wonderful success in curing these disorders is testified to by thousands in every part of the land.

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A CENTRE COUNTY FAIR.

An Enthusiastic Meeting in the Interest of Such an Organization.

In accordance with the call published in this paper about forty of the representative men of the town met in the Wheelmen's Club rooms, over the Centre County bank, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock to hold a preliminary meeting with a view of re-organizing the Centre County Fair Association, and the enthusiasm displayed and interest manifested by all present gives promise of the success of the undertaking.

The meeting was duly organized by the election of Thomas A. Shoemaker, as chairman and C. L. Gates as secretary. Chairman Shoemaker stated the object of the meeting and then asked for suggestions as to a suitable plot of ground that could be obtained for grounds. Various places were named among them being the Brockerhoff meadow near Roopsburg; the Collins' property on Halfmoon hill; the flat at the east end of Bishop street; the meadow of McCoy & Linn, near the red school house, and two other locations east of Bellefonte on the road to Zion. Among the number mentioned the McCoy & Linn location seemed to be the most favorable.

On motion the President appointed Messrs. John S. Waite, Al. S. Garman, S. M. Buck, William A. Lyon and L. T. Munson a committee to visit the several locations mentioned, give them a thorough inspection and to inquire of the respective owners on what terms the same could be leased or purchased, and to report same at the next meeting.

Edwin F. Garman was appointed a committee of one to correspond with the Milton, Lewisburg and Ebensburg Fair Associations with the view of ascertaining the probable cost of putting a ground in a complete and good condition. A half hour was then devoted to a general discussion of the advantages to Bellefonte of a good county fair, and they were many, after which the meeting adjourned to meet in the same place Tuesday evening, September 25th, at 8 o'clock sharp.

We are very much gratified to see the real down earnestness and enthusiasm with which the preliminary steps for the reorganization of this Fair Association have been marked. Bellefonte needs something of this kind, and needs it badly; it was a great mistake when the old Centre County Fair Association was allowed to die a premature death, and the reorganization of the same will be an advanced step in the right direction. Centre Hall has its grangers picnic; Hunter's park, its picnic and sporting grounds; and Hecla and Clintondale are forging ahead as popular resorts, but these places all draw from Bellefonte instead of bringing people here, and yet not one of all the above mentioned are in accord with the fancy and desires of the entire population of Centre county as a good county fair would be; and there is no place more suitable for its location than at the county capital—here at Bellefonte. It will prove a place not only where everybody from all over the county can gather for a week's recreation, but a place where every person in attendance will be sure of getting the worth of the money it costs them to attend. It will engender a spirit of rivalry among the farmers in the cultivation of their crops for the agricultural exhibit, as well as in the care of their horses, cattle, sheep, etc., for the stock exhibit. It will bring together the best of the housekeeper's skill and the mechanic's ingenuity. In fact, there is nothing that will be so in accord with the popular pulse everywhere as a good Centre County Fair will be and it behooves the business men of Bellefonte to see that the movement now so auspiciously begun is not allowed to die, or even drag, but be pushed to a successful termination.

As to the grounds, the plot selected should be the best that can be obtained, and not too small. Let it be large enough to fit up in every way. There should be a race track—half a mile in length, a base ball grounds, buildings for exhibits, stabling for a large number of horses, grand stand and pavilion; and it will not do to be anyways niggardly so far as the cost is concerned. In these days the largest crowds will go where they can see the most and get the most for the money expended, and the Centre county fair should be able to not only promise, but give them more than they can see or get elsewhere. And it stands to reason that such a grounds could be made to pay, for it would not be restricted alone to the fair. During the summer and fall a revenue could be derived from the ball grounds and race course, as well as the fair. In the winter the grounds could be so arranged as to make a skating park, for the use of which a small admission fee could be charged. Thus it will be seen that the movement is not only a good one for the farmers and lovers of sport, but also a good one for the business men of Bellefonte as it will draw a crowd here that cannot be gotten in any other way; and that crowd will not come without patronizing Bellefonte business to a greater or less extent. Therefore, push the movement for all it is worth and let us have a Centre county agricultural fair next fall that will rival the best in the State.

—The arrangement in the Judical conference at Tyrone to break the deadlock has fallen through, because candidate Lovell, in his list of ten men, had chosen either relatives or personal political friends and of course, such men could not be accepted by Love. This, in itself, shows the unfairness of Mr. Lovell.

Some New Definitions.

Seryant Girl: Formerly a young woman who performed domestic services for pay; later, a female, usually ignorant and impertinent, to whom Americans bow down in subjection and who enjoys privileges and immunities unknown to other classes of citizens.

Policeman: A person of foreign birth who carries a club with which he frequently assaults other persons.

Trolley Car: A nineteenth century device for maiming or killing.

Striker: A deluded person who had transferred his right to labor to a union or walking delegate.

Walking delegate: So called because he rarely walks. An idle person who subsists upon the contributions of deluded workingmen; an incensor of discord.

Modesty: A virtue unknown to this generation.

Cocktail: A restorative beverage of some value when taken next morning.

Soubrette: A young woman with bleached hair and vaguely connected with the theatre.

Janitor: A first cousin to the czar of Russia.

Sleeping Car: A wheeled vehicle for the transportation of bad air between distant points.

Forest Fires.

When a fire attacks a town or a village there is no way to impede its progress. There is frequently no water and almost always not enough water with which to fight the flames. There is nothing for the people to do but to abandon their burning domiciles, and there is no place to which they can fly except to the swamps. These are often not accessible or if reached at all, are found to be beds of fire. The 'slab' roads are quickly converted into tracks of glowing coals. The very earth itself seems to be burning. Hundreds of people die of suffocation. Others fall, through the weariness superinduced by thirst, hunger, sleeplessness and anxiety, to become victims of the relentless destroyer, which follows close behind them. The real wonder is not that so many victims perish, but that any of the threatened ones escape.—Minneapolis *Tribune*.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

If anybody over at Matternville or elsewhere in the United States or Dominion of Canada, should see a strange white and black beegle dog, let them put it down that it belongs to Dispatcher William A. Bouse, Tyrone Division Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Tyrone, Pa., capture and return the animal or as much as possible of him to its sorrowing owner. Said canine mysteriously disappeared from the home of the owner during working hours Wednesday and has never turned up since, not even for regular meals that he was wont to receive even before his master sat himself down to his own rations.—Herald.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Farmers Should Attend.

Farmers should not forget the meeting of the state board of agriculture at the State College on the 17th and 18th of October. These meetings bring together representative farmers from all parts of the commonwealth and topics of direct practical interest are discussed by successful practical men. In addition, the present meeting affords an opportunity to learn by personal observation what the State College and experiment station are doing to advance the agricultural interests of the state. A day or two given to attendance upon this meeting can hardly fail to be time well spent.

Out for a Picnic.

Sixteen young people went down Bald Eagle valley to-day on a picnic excursion. They will camp and have dinner on Marsh Creek returning this evening. The members of the party are Misses Anna Blanchard, Helen Hastings, Ellen Valentine, Betty Breeze, Helen and Ethel Gilkeson, Miss Eshelman, Adaline Harris, and Messrs. Fred Blanchard, James Lane, Henry Lynn, Jos. Mitchell, Roland Curtin, Gill. Curtin, Jay Woodcock and Thomas Beaver. The young ladies went in a conveyance while the young men rode horseback.

Taken to Danville.

On Monday Sheriff Condo took Geo. Davis, a young man of about twenty years, to Danville for treatment. His father, Ira Davis, lives in Huston township. About a year ago he left home and was gone for about a month when he was traced to Cincinnati, O., where he was in an asylum. He was brought home and seemed all right until a few weeks ago when his actions showed that his faculties were weakening. A commission was appointed and upon their report the Court directed that he be sent to the Danville Asylum for proper treatment.

THE STATE FORESTS.

Views Given by J. T. Rothrock of the Commission.

J. T. Rothrock of West Chester, botanist for the state forestry commission, was in the city to-day on his way home from McVeytown, where he had been attending the funerals of his father and mother, who died within a few days of each other. They were aged 86 and 84 respectively.

Mr. Rothrock in speaking of his work in connection with the commission stated that for the remainder of the season he would devote his time to the timber regions in Clinton, Potter, Centre, Clearfield, Cameron and Elk counties. He stated that he found from examinations already made that the northern boundary of the state as far west as Potter has practically no large body of timber left. "It is safe to say," he continued, "that there are not more than one-half dozen of considerable sized bodies of white pine left in the entire state. Hemlock timber is already in the hands of the tanning interests and will probably not last more than ten years. The regions cut over in many instances contain large bodies of hard wood but this is very often destroyed by the fires that go through the clearings. Meanwhile the land cleared becomes the centre of forest fires, to prevent which no real attempt has yet been made. These fires burn the second growth of timber that comes on, destroys the soil and allows the fertility to be washed off into the streams. This naked, hilly regions will soon be without either timber or soil, a nursery of floods on one hand, a cause of drouth on the other, and an absolute loss to the state, because they are not producing anything." When asked as to the remedy Mr. Rothrock said it is hoped that the coming legislature will recognize, as the leading journals all have done, the vital importance of this forestry question to the commonwealth. Steps should be taken to prevent forest fires on the one hand and to encourage the land owner to such methods as he profitably can towards restoring or starting timber on his otherwise useless land.

Boys, Read This.

One thing a boy should get into the habit of doing is to be quick, not to go at his work in a listless, half-lifeless sort of a way, not caring whether he does much or little, only desiring to pass away the hours until time to quit. Some boys reason that they are not receiving very big wages for what they do, therefore they need not do as much as they can in the meantime. This is one of the greatest mistakes a boy can make. While young he is contracting habits that will stick to him through life—if he learns to work slow when a boy he will be a slow worker when a man. If he learns to work fast when a boy he will be a fast worker when a man. It is the quick worker who receives the highest wages, and the slow worker who punishes himself by contracting slow habits when he is young, for he renders himself incompetent to work fast and earn big wages when he is grown up. Whether a boy gets large or small wages it is his interest to learn to work fast while young.

Bound Over.

Onn last Saturday Wm. Horner arrived in Bellefonte from Pittsburg, where he attended the G. A. R. convention. He met Joshua Folk at the Brockerhoff house; they soon became warm friends. Mr. Horner, not feeling well, was persuaded to go to Mr. Folk's home for a short nap. He slept about an hour and got up. He claims that he was then missing about $6 in money. A warrant was issued and Joshua was soon before Justice Keichline on the charge of taking his friend's money. Witnesses proved that Horner had about $6 before he met Folk. Folk claims that Horner gave him $1.50 for taking good care of him. The justice considered the case sufficient and Joshua Folk was bound over for appearance at court, where he can explain more fully how everything happened.

Lambert—Noll.

On Tuesday evening at 7 o'clook, at the residence of the brides parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Noll, at Pleasant Gap, Mr. James D. Lambert, of this place, and Miss Mary B. Noll were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Only the relatives of the bride and groom were present, but it was a happy crowd who were assembled to witness this important event in the lives of the two young people. Rev. G. P. Sarvis, of Port Matilda, performed the ceremony. The young people both looked very happy and presented a handsome appearance as they stood before the minister and registered their marital vows. May they enjoy a life of perpetual bliss and happiness.

Married.

On Wednesday, September 12th, 1894, Mr. Thomas A. Lucas, of Chicago, formerly of Howard, was married to Miss Alice I. Clark, at the home of the bride's parents Greenfield, Massachusetts. Mr. Lucas is an expert stenographer and holds a good position in Chicago where he and his bride will make their permanent home.

See What

The well-known manager of excursions to Washington, California, and the White Mountains, I. A. Whitcomb, says: I have never had anything do me so much good as your Sulphur Bitters. It is the best spring medicine I ever used. I would advise all who suffer from biliousness and dyspepsia to use Sulphur Bitters, for I know they cured me.

Miss Carrie Gross, who has been visiting friends in Williamsport, returned to her home in this place Friday evening.

Where to Attend School

We impart a thorough knowledge of the COMMERCIAL STUDIES at the cost of less time and money than other schools. THOUSANDS owe their success in life (so they say) to the training they received here. We made BREAD-WINNERS of them. We want you to know us; write and we will tell you all about this LIVE SCHOOL. N. B. We assist graduates to positions. PALMS BUSINESS COLLEGE, 1708-1710 Chestnut St., PHILA.

New York Weekly Tribune

—AND—

The Bellefonte Republican

ONE YEAR

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS,

IF PAID STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Address all orders to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa

A Fight for Millions.

Columbus, O., Sept 21.—The great $12,000,000 suit of the Central Trust Company, of New York, against Judge Stevenson Burke, et al., was submitted to Judge David F. Pugh this morning, Judge Burke himself, for the defendants, making the close of the arguments.

He sprang a new legal question in the case when he suggested that the plaintifls first prove their title to the bonds. Counsel for the trust company had spent their time calling him thief and conspirator, instead of putting forth some law bearing on the case.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY,

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. Sample for 25 cts. In stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1-4 lb. can, by mail, $1.25. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.00. L. L. JOHNSON & CO., 23 Custom House St., Boston, Mass

Pictures,

OF ALL KINDS.

Mirrors,

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James S. Earle & Sons,

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SPECULATION.

The Hodgen Commission Company

BROKERS,

248 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., offers special facilities to traders in Stocks, Bonds and Grain, in large or small quantities, for cash or on margins of one per cent. or more. Send for our pamphlet "*How to Speculate.*" 22f

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pickpocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark. ©

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Lots of watch cases are spoiled in the opening. An opener to obviate this sent free.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			Aug. 6, 1894.		READ UP.		
No. 5	No. 3	No. 1			No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.	a.m	p.m.	p.m
†8 30	†3 45	†7 00	Bellefonte		9 25	6 15	10 52
8 29	3 59	7 11	Nigh		9 12	6 02	10 43
8 41	4 04	7 16	Zion		9 07	5 57	10 38
8 48	4 09	7 21	Hecla Park		9 02	5 51	10 34
8 51	4 15	7 27	Hublersburg		8 57	5 47	10 28
8 56	4 19	7 31	Snydertown		8 53	5 43	10 24
9 00	4 21	7 33	Nittany		8 5	5 4	10 22
9 02	4 23	7 35	Huston		8 49	5 39	10 20
9 04	4 25	7 37	Lamar		8 47	5 37	10 18
9 06	4 28	7 40	Clintondale		8 44	5 34	10 16
9 10	4 33	7 45	Krider's S'n'g		8 39	5 29	10 12
9 15	4 39	7 50	Mackeyville		8 34	5 24	10 07
9 21	4 45	7 55	Cedar Springs		8 29	5 19	10 01
9 23	4 47	7 57	Salona		8 27	5 17	9 59
9 30	4 55	8 05	Mill Hall		†8 20	†5 10	†9 52
p m	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

p.m.	a. m.	Lv.	Ar.	a. m	p. m.
† 9 52	† 9 55	Mill Hall		8 16	5 06
10 25	10 20	Jersey Shore		7 40	4 30
11 15	11 00	Williamsport		7 05	†4 00
p.m.	a. m	Ar.	Lv.	a. m.	p. m.

p. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
†11 15	†3 3	Lv. Wmsport	Ar.	7 00	2 42
7 12	10 12	Ar. Phi ada.	Lv.	†11 30	8 35
		N. York via Tamq.			
2 33	3 20	N. York via Phila.		†7 30	†4 30
a.m.	a.m.	(Foot of Liberty St.)		p.m.	a.m.

* Daily. † Week Days, $ 6 50 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Phi adelphia and New York SLEEPING CARS attached to Beech Creek R. R train passing Mill Hall, east-bound at 9.52 p. m. Westbound at 8.16 a. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—Time table to take effect Monday, July 16th, 1894. Trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad STATION.

Trains moving east READ UP.			STATIONS.	Trains moving west READ DOWN.		
$12	$6	$2		$1	$7	$11
p m	p m	a m		a m	a m	p m
6 30	2 45	8 45	Bellefonte	6 20	10 50	4 40
6 28	2 56	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 57	4 45
6 25	2 36	8 37	f Morris	6 40	11 02	4 48
6 27	2 33	8 35	f Whitmer	6 41	11 07	4 51
6 17	2 28	8 41	Hunter Park	6 50	11 13	4 56
6 14	2 26	8 28	f Fillmore	6 53	11 16	5 00
6 09	2 21	8 24	f Briarly	7 00	11 22	5 05
6 05	2 18	8 20	Waddles	7 05	11 25	5 10
6 02	2 12	8 18	f Scotia Cro's'ng	7 08	11 28	5 12
5 59	2 00	8 07	f Kramerine	7 17	11 40	5 22
5 49	1 55	8 04	f Struble's	7 20	11 44	5 25
5 47	1 52	8 02	Inn	7 24	11 48	5 28
5 45	1 50	8 00	State College	7 25	11 50	5 30

"f" stops on flag. ‡ Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

$75.00 A WEEK paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. HARRISON & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. d28-1w

$25.00 to $50.00 PER WEEK using and selling the Old Reliable Plater. Every family has rusty, worn knives, forks and spoons, etc. Quickly plated by dipping in melted metal. No experience or hard work; a good situation. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. 326 eod 1w

TEACHER WANTED in each county for special work. Will pay $100.00 a month. P. W. Ziegler & Co., Box 1767, Philada., Pa. 3841

FREE

$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 100 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

CARMENCITA, the Spanish Dancer,
PADEREWSKI, the Great Pianist,
ADELINA PATTI and
MINNIE SELIGMAN CUTTING.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO THE NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO. Broadway Theatre Bldg., New York City. CANVASSERS WANTED.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 129 W. 42th St., N. Y. Cures Sick Headache

ERRORS OF YOUTH AND DISEASES OF THE SEXES PRICE $1.00. 192 PAGES CLOTH BOUND FREE TO THE AFFLICTED ON RECEIPT OF 20 CTS IN STAMPS DR. LOBB. 329 N. 15TH ST. PHILADA. PA.

Wheat

and all other cereals can greatly increase their yield and value by using

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash EDWARD T. TUTEN.

GONE TO MEXICO.

General Ezeta Doesn't Waste Much Time in San Francisco.

San Francisco, September 24.—General Antonio Ezeta and his attorneys, Messrs. Lubren and Quesada, of New York, have left for Mexico. They had bought their tickets secretly the night before. General Ezeta was to stay in San Francisco for a week and the attorneys said they would not depart until next Wednesday, when they would depart direct for New York. The general, his servant, and the two attorneys left the hotel in a carriage, an hour before the regular departure of the train. They crossed the Oakland pier ahead of the regular passengers and sought the privacy of their sleepers.

Those who some days ago obtained an inkling of the subjects of the telegrams flying between here and Mexico, say they gathered that the consolidation of all Central America with Mexico was being considered. Furthermore, that Ezeta's intention was to raise an army there and proceed at once to oust his enemies. Whether it was to regain possession of Salvador, or to effect a union of some sort, of which he has long dreamed, it is not known, but there is little doubt that it is one or the other.

General Colico left here on the 10th inst., and went straight to Mexico City. He at once apparently laid the matter before influential people there and they formulated the plans, being in close correspondence [illegible] by telegraph with ex-President Ezeta.

Oakland, Cal., September 24.—Lieutenant Colonel Juan Clenfugos, the young Central American refugee whose extradition to San Salvador on a charge of murder has been ordered by Judge Morrow, said he was confident of regaining freedom as soon as his case was brought before the president, and declares he will commit suicide rather than be extradited. "I expect to be free in four or five days," said Clenfugos, "for Ezeta and others started for Washington this morning in my behalf. Go back to San Salvador? Never! I would rather die a thousands deaths." Then, asked what he would do if he had to go, he replied: "I most certainly would take my life. Rather anything than have my enemies, who are wanting to assassinate me, get a chance to triumph over me.

"Before General Ezeta started from San Francisco he wrote me the following: "It hurts my soul to leave thee, but I do not abandon you. Remain well reconciled and then you will be free. You will not need for money. Your passage is paid for. Mr. Page will defend you here and in Washington, Rubens & Quesado. I send yon a coin of $20. You have in your favor persons of consequences and already they have telegraphed to the president."

Burglars Run a Town.

Catawissa, Sept. 24.—Sunday morning between 3 and 4 o'clock burglars attempted to enter Rawn's saloon, when they were surprised by Officer George Harder, who thought they were Mr. Rawn's sons returning from fishing. The burglars turned upon him and ordered him to hold up his hands and about thirty shots were exchanged. The officer heard one man exclaim, "My God, I'm shot." The gang then turned their attention to the wounded and made their escape. The inhabitants had been aroused by the firing and started in pursuit but did not succeed in capturing any of them.

About 20 minutes before the above incident as a Mr. Gearhart was returning from coon hunting he was stopped by several men near the railroad station who demanded his money. He was compelled to give up his gun, gold watch and $8 in money. He was then locked in a freight car.

The burglars then broke into the freight depot and "cracked" the safe and destroyed a "penny-in-the-slot" machine.

Mr. Gearhart when he heard the firing succeeded in cutting his way out of the car.

Three Lives Were Lost.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 24.—It is now practically certain that three men lost their lives in the elevator fire yesterday. They were seen on the top of the building while it was burning and are believed to have perished. They were Charles Anderson, machinery tender, leaves a wife and child; Edward Murray, watchman, single; Frank Brown, weighmaster, leaves a wife and child. None of these men have been seen since the fire and there is no doubt but their remains will be found when the debris is cleared away.

Owens Declared the Nominee.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 23.—Large delegations arrived yesterday morning from each of the counties in this congressional district, to be present at the counting of the returns of the primary in the race between Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge and Hon. W. C. Owens. All the members of the committee were present at the meeting in the ball room of the Capital hotel, with Mr. McLeod, as chairman. About 150 spectators were crowded into the room.

Mr. Foreman, of Woodford, filed a protest from Colonel Breckinridge, against the right of Mr. McLeod to vote as a member, and also in proceeding heretofore taken by the committee. This was followed by a speech from Chairman Carroll, requesting Mr. McLeod to vote only in case of a tie. Mr. Welch moved that the record of the past stand, as no vote cast by Mr. McLeod affected the result.

Major Johnson, of Fayette, then read a protest, dated Lexington, September 20, from Colonel Breckinridge, in regard to the injunction granted by Judge Catrill in the Bourbon case, as an extraordinary abuse of his powers as a judge. The protest stated that Catrill was his bitter enemy, and that Colonel Breckinridge was satisfied he had received a majority of votes over Owens, and that the declaration of Owens' nomination will be making the committee a party to a fraud. It concluded by saying he would not make a formal contest.

The committee counted the votes and found Owens to have 255 majority.

Poison In His Tea.

Jersey City, Sept. 24.—Mrs. Alice Hubbs, a widow, of 131 Pine street, is a prisoner in her house on suspicion of having caused the death, by poisoning, of George Moore, 34 years old, who was employed as night foreman at the United States Express Company's stables, at Communipaw. Moore took his meals at Mrs. Hubb's house. His brother John, lived at Mrs. Hubbs' house and George tried to get him to leave. Mrs. Hubbs and George Moore had words and Saturday night he said he intended seeking another boarding house.

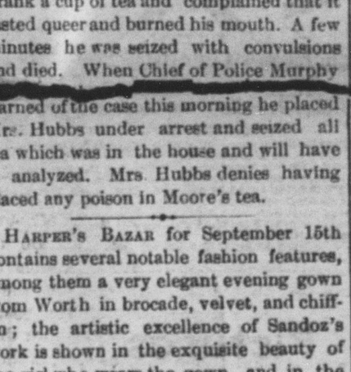
When he went to work last night he carried a tin kettle, in which was his lunch. He ate his lunch about 11 o'clock. Moore drank a cup of tea and complained that it tasted queer and burned his mouth. A few minutes he was seized with convulsions and died. When Chief of Police Murphy learned of the case this morning he placed Mrs. Hubbs under arrest and seized all tea which was in the house and will have it analyzed. Mrs Hubbs denies having placed any poison in Moore's tea.

HARPER'S BAZAR for September 15th contains several notable fashion features, among them a very elegant evening gown from Worth in brocade, velvet, and chiffon; the artistic excellence of Sandoz's work is shown in the exquisite beauty of the girl who wears the gown, and in the care with which he has worked out the several accessories of her toilette, and set her against a background of flowers. A Paris toilette for "at homes" and receptions and an autumn cloth gown are interesting and timely. The story "Anna Malann," by Annie Trumbull Slosson, author of "Seven Dreamers," will delight every reader.

Yacht Runs Down a Schooner.

Bar Harbor, Me., Sept. 23.—Drexel's yacht Sultana this morning came into harbor towing the wreck of the schooner Jennie B. Hodgdon, owned by Cunningham & Thompson, of Gloucester. The Sultana ran down the Hodgdon off Little Hope, N. S., at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in a dense fog. The schooner lost both masts and all her spars, but she is not leaking and will be towed to Gloucester.

JULIAN RALPH, whose realastic descriptions of persons or places are familiar to most American readers, has entered a new field—that of fiction. He has written for HARPERS MAGAZINE several short stories of tenement-house life in New York; and the first of those, describing an organization active in saloon politics, will appear in the October number under the title "The Pinochle Club."



Mr. J. L. Griesinger

Nervous and Weak

All broken down, unable to sleep, distress and burning in my stomach, smothering and choking spells—this was my condition when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken 3 bottles and **feel like another man**, can work with ease, weigh over 200, and **am cured.** I shall ever be ready to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. J. L. GRIESINGER, New Grenada, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are endorsed by thousands.

SOME INSIDE FACTS

Such Matters Always Leak Out.

THIS TIME IT CARRIED THE GREAT NEWS FAR AND WIDE

Many Families all Over the Land are Deeply Interested in the Matter.

There are many things in the lives of persons and families which when they are known become matters of public interest. People always want to know those things which personally concern them, which add to their welfare, their looks or their comfort. Here is a piece of news which coming from such high authority makes it of more than ordinary interest.

Mrs. Charles H. Heaton, residing at 143 State Street, Montpelier, Vt., is a most lovely and accomplished lady. The family has the very highest social standing. Her husband has held many offices of trust in the city and in politics, and among the Masonic fraternity stands at the head. Her husband's father is president of the Montpelier Savings Bank and Trust Co., the largest bank in the city. Her father is a prominent railroad man. She writes as follows:

"Two years ago we had a terrible experience with La Grippe and by overwork in taking care of my children and the results of the disease I was left it a very exhausted condition, in fact was nearly prostrated. I was so weak that upon the least excitement I would feel nauseated. I was as near nervous prostration as any one could be.

"Some one recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to me and I immediately began its use. I am happy to say that it completely cured me. I think it is the best medicine I ever knew of for any form of nervous or chronic disease. I have recommended it to many and shall do so upon every occasion."

This letter is of the utmost importance to you for it tells you just what to do to be cured. If you are nervous, weak, tired, sleepless, if you have headache, indigestion, kidney or liver complaint, poor blood and weak nerves, you can surely regain your health and be as well as you ever were by taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

The strengthening and curative powers of this remedy are wonderful. Use it and you will be made well and strong. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted by all at his office, 35 West 14th Street, New York, free personally or by letter.

HARPER'S WEEKLY for September 15th is full of timely notes [illegible] and illustrations that record the happenings of the past few weeks. The great fires of Minnesota are represented by many views taken upon the spot especially for the WEEKLY; Julian Ralph contributes the first of his series of articles to be written from the seat of war in the East, entitled "On the Road to Asia." The frontispiece, a drawing by de Thulstrup from a photograph of Chinese sailors on board a man-of-war at gun-drill, shows the immense strides the Celestials have made in the science of modern warfare. A page is devoted to the Knights of Pythias meeting in Washington, where twelve thousand uniformed members were reviewed by the President. The *Britannia - Vigilant* race for the special £100 cup, which the *Vigilant* won, is pictured with photographic views, the article accompanying it being written by an officer of the Royal Navy, who was an eye-witness. The large terminal station in St. Louis is described, with many views of its wonderful interior. "In and About San Francisco" is an interesting illustrated article on the surroundings of the great Western metropolis; and the fiction of the number is of the usual excellent quality, "The Master" being continued, and Eva Wilder McGlasson's novelette, "Ministers of Grace," being concluded in this issue.

An Interview with Li-Hung-Chang.

The young American bicyclers who made a tour of the world were granted an unusal honor when they completed their journey through China. Viceroy Li-Hung-Chang sent for them, and accorded them a long interview, which they will describe in the October number of the *Century*. Messrs. Allen and Sachtleben give one of the best and most vivid descriptions that have yet appeared of the man whom General Grant included among the three greatest statesmen of his day, and the article is accompanied by a new portrait of the prime minister from a photograph which he presented them. Li-Hung-Chang questioned the young men not only as to their journey, but asked their opinion on international politics, especially as to the territorrial policy of Russia. There will also be printed in this number of the *Century* a posthumous study by Major-General James B. Fry on the character and career of General McClellan. General Fry believes that the latter's usefulness as a commander was impaired by the fact that his mind was possessed by the belief that he was the "divinely ordained savior of his country."

Rrgistered Pharmacists.

The State Pharmaceutical examining board has filed with the secretary of state a report which shows that during the fiscal year just ended 861 were examined as candidates for registered pharmacists, 336 passed; 150 of these obtained registered pharmacists' certificates, an 1 186 qualified assistants' certificates. Since the formation of the board 7,320 certificates have been issued. There was received during the year $2,023; the amount disbursed was $2,924; total on hand at commencement of year, $2,583; balance now in treasury, $1,683.

The Explosion of a Bomb

startles all within hearing. So the pains which arise from derangements of the liver stomach and bowels, quickly alarm those who experience them. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets afford a speedy and inexpensive cure. Sick head-ache, bilious headache, constipation, indigestion, bilious attacks yield like magic to this wonderful specific. Only one tiny, sugar-coated Pellet for a laxative dose. Purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. The action is prompt and pleasant. Absolutely the best Liver Pill made. Your money given back if they do not give entire satisfaction. The only pill possessed of such merit as to warrant their being sold on trial!

A HUGE PILE OF CONFEDERATE MONEY.

$80,000,000 of Bills Issued by the Departed Nation Shipped to Atlanta.

Eighty million dollars in bills were shipped to Atlanta yesterday, the mammoth packages of money filling five large dry goods boxes and making in all more than a dray load. None of the bills are current however, as they represent "nothing in God's earth now and naught in the waters below it." They were Confederate bills of the rarest type.

The huge pile of Genuine Confederate money was shipped here from Richmond, Va., the former capitol of the confederacy, and is now the property of Mr. Chas. D. Barker, No 90 S. Forsyth Street, this city. The money is of every denomination issued by the departed nation, and in the big collection are bills of the rarest type. There are bills issued during every year of the war. Thousands of them are very valuable as relics, but the great number of them Mr. Barker has on hand will make them so common as to bring but little on the market.

This eighty millions of dollars of Confederate money has been all along supposed to have been destroyed. This is undoubtedly the largest lot of Confederate Money in the world.—Atlanta, Ga., Constitution, June 4th.

United Against China.

Washington, September 25.—The assembling of the new Japanese parliament on October 15 may be the occasion, according to advices received in diplomation circles here, of the political union or reconcilation between factions which have been hitherto irreconcilable. When the last Japanese parliament dissolved, the leaders of the different parties were at swords' point, but in the presence of a war with a power of China's magnitude, involving the supremacy of the orient, the old personal feuds have been set aside and efforts are being made to have all factions represented through their leaders in the new Japanese cabinet.

To this end it is being urged that Count Obuma, Count Itagaki, Count Matsukata and Viscount Shinagawa shall be members of the new cabinet, although they have been among the most active leaders against the government. There are no cabinet portfolios, yet so strong is the feeling for political union during this emergency, that it is proposed to create new cabinet officers in order to get their co-operation,

Wool and Tariff.

Washington, September 25.—Minister Zeballos, of the Argentine Republic, says a remarkable stimulation of the wool industry of his country has resulted from the enactment of the tariff law in this country. Raw wool has made heavy advances in the Argentine markets, and extensive preparations are being made for wool exports to this country. Mr. Zeballos is just back from New York, where he found that merchants were largely increasing their wool orders, and that new steamship lines were being protected to handle the new trade. The minister says this country bought $2,000,000 of the coarse grade, long combed Argentine wool last year, but the trade promises to reach $8,000,000 this year. This coarse grade is used in Philadelphia, Boston and elsewhere for carpets, blankets and other heavy woolens. The trade in fine merino wools promises to triple in the same manner.

Shot to Death.

Cando, Indian Territory, September 25.—Jim Allen, a full-blooded Choctaw Indian, about 24 years of age, was shot to death yesterday at the Pushmataha court grounds in Jackson. Allen walked with a steady step from the jail to the court house a distance of fifty yards, handcuffed, and knelt down by his coffin and offered up a prayer. He pulled off his coat and hat, rolled open the bosom of his shirt and painted a small heart about the size of a quarter of a dollar over his own heart and took his seat on a lemon box. He sat in that position just 35 minutes. When the hour arrived Deputy Sheriff Bob Jackson shot him through the heart. In eight minutes life was extinct. Allen killed Dixon Hewter, a Choctaw, who was a witness against Allen on a charge of theft. The murder occurred in May, 1888, Allen beheading his victim with an axe.

Another New Instructor.

State College, Pa., Sept. 25.—Prof. Albert S. Bolles, Chief of Bureau of Industrial Statistics of Pennsylvania, has been appointed special instructor in Political Economy and Commercial Law in the Pennsylvania State College. He will enter upon his duties at once.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

MAKES A REPLY.

A Written Statement Issued by Bishop Spaulding, of Peoria.

Peoria, Ills. Sept. 24.—The following written statement was to-day issued by Bishop Spaulding with reference to the criticism upon the A. P. A. article in the North American Review by Bishop Keane:

"I have read Bishop Keane's criticism on my article in the North American Review and as it has not been disowned, I must suppose it to be authentic. The important question is whether what I have published in the Review is true. A thing may be unfortunately true and this is doubtless what Bishop Keane means when he calls my article unfortunate. He also says that it is untimely but I fail to see this epithet can be applied in any right sense to the honest and dispassionate of a subject which now attracts general attention and is now without importance.

"If my moderate expression of views on a question which is actually before the public and which is of concern both to the church and to the country is to be condemned as unfortunate and ill timed, then rational discussion among Catholics is no longer to be thought of and Catholic universality is but a pretense. If what I said of Cardinal Gibbons is true the least I can do, I suppose, is to regret that he would have to express his regret to the people. Regrets, however, are idle and the manly and American thing to do is to confront me with argument and not attempt to frighten me with groanings."

THE industry of holding up railway trains has been worked so successfully in the Far West that the crooks of New York have concluded to try holding up the street cars. The game was worked on a car on Hudson street, in that town, Thursday night, and as the policemen were all somewhere else and the passengers consisted chiefly of women and cowards, the gang, which composed thirty or forty men, got away with a good stock of purses and watches. If they will divide with the police the New York "hold up" gangs will stand a good chance to capture a big stake.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

MARTHA WASHINGTON

COOK-BOOK FREE!

320 PAGES. ILLUSTRATED.

One of the best Cook-Books published. It contains recipes for all kinds of cooking. Also departments on Medicine, Etiquette, and Toilet recipes. Indexed for handy reference.

MAILED FREE,

In Exchange for 20 LARGE LION HEADS cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent Stamp.

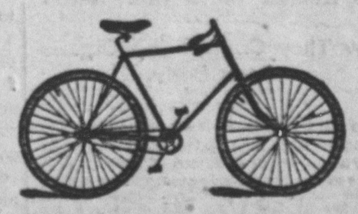
Write for list of our other Fine Premiums. We have many valuable Pictures, also a Knife, Game, etc., to give away. A beautiful Picture Card is in every package of LION COFFEE.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Huron & Oak Streets, TOLEDO, OHIO.

For bilious headache and all other conditions resulting from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills.

Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores; or write to B F Allen Co, 365 Canal st, New York.

The Light that Never Fails



The UNION SPECIAL

THE "Union" is what Tyler and Sacger, the world's champions ride to-day. They ride the best, why not you? The best is always the cheapest, especially in bicycles. It means REST for you, if you ride—UNION SPECIAL—after being accustomed to a heavy wheel.

Wheels for sale, exchange and hire, at McCalmont & Co.'s. Prices low and payments easy.

They Are All Good Wheels.

In a local item in a Williamsport paper of an accident in which a section of the stand fell on which were 300 persons, the following words of praise are recorded in favor of the Union Special:

"All of those who saw the section of stand fall at the bicycle roads, with about 300 persons, were not aware that three bicycles were underneath, two being Union Specials, and a road wheel of another make. While the latter was made a subject for the repair shop, the Unions had only two wooden rims broken and later was ridden two events by McDuffie and Gardner, in the race in which McDuffie and Gardner came down in a heap, and one would naturally suppose that the wheels were wrecked; not so of the Union. It has often been said Unions never break and after what we saw yesterday we believe so. It is a fact to-day that Sanger, Tyler and McDuffie are riding the same wheels they took out of the factory at the beginning of the season, a record envied by all other manufacturers."

John S. Walker,

Agent for Centre County.

P. O. Box. 403, Bellefonte, Pa. a5-3m

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Pain in the Back

Joints or hips, sediment in urine like brick-dust frequent calls or retention, rheumatism.

Kidney Complaint

Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

Urinary Troubles

Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

Disordered Liver

Bloat or dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

At Druggists, 50 cents and $1.00 size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of John Reese, deceased, late of Spring township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to the undersigned. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested to present all claims or accounts for settlement.

MARY REESE,
WM. SHORTLIDGE, } Executors.
Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 6, 1894. 35-6t

AFTER BYNUM'S SCALP

Farmer Stanley Wants Some of His Salary Now.

DECEIVED BY ELECTION ORATORY.

Mr. Bynum Said Wheat Would Bring $1.25 a Bushel If Cleveland Were Elected—It Really Sells for Forty-five Cents, and Stanley Thinks Bynum Should Make Up the Difference—The Farmers' Logic.

Of all the novel lawsuits that are annually begun in the rural districts of Hoosierdom none outranks in oddity the claim for damages that Farmer William Bartholomew Stanley, of Madison county, Indiana, has brought against Congressman Bynum, of his district.

Farmer Stanley puts his damages at $1,500, which he will ask the courts to help him collect from Mr. Bynum on the grounds that Bynum caused him to lose that amount by saying in a speech delivered at Pendleton in the last campaign that wheat would sell at $1.25 a bushel if Cleveland were elected. Having implicit faith in the "Grassburner," as Bynum is jokingly dubbed at his home, the farmer says, in his complaint, that he went ahead and planted in wheat all the ground he could spare on his farm.

The first year he refused to sell at 85 cents, and raised more wheat, so as to have his bins overflowing when the price should reach the promised $1.25. But wheat was on the toboggan, and steadily declined until he was forced to sell part of his crop for 50 cents a bushel. Still living in hope that Bynum would make good his promise and put the price of wheat up to the luxurious $1.25 notch, Stanley says, he held back more than 1,000 bushels, which he has now been forced to dispose of at the bankrupt price of 45 cents.

Farmer Stanley does not hold that Congressman Bynum could put the price of wheat at $1.25 if he chose, but he says that Bynum's false representation in holding out the allurement of $1.25 in case of Cleveland's election was the direct cause of farmers all through Madison county raising wheat at the expense of other and more remunerative crops. He believes he has put his damages at a low figure, $1,500 being a fair estimate of what he could have made by planting other cereals had not Bynum come in the county preaching a false god.

Mr. Stanley is now a rampant Populist. He is a tall, rawboned Hoosier, who talks in metaphors and can tell the coming changes of the weather by the aches in his joints. He was found in the office of The Nonconformist, a Populist newspaper, a few days ago. His feet were on the editor's desk and several printers were listening to his recital of his wrongs.

TO END CAMPAIGN LYING.

"If God lets me live, and I ain't got no notice to the contrary," he said, chewing the soggy end of a Madison county stoga, "I'll have the law on Bynum. I have made up my mind to make him stand good for the difference in my wheat crop, and if there be any justice in courts I'll win the suit. This thing of politicians coming out in the country districts and hoodwinkin' the farmers with lies and promises jist to git votes was all right back in war times, when we didn't know nothing 'cept what was told us.

"A farmer 'at dont know enough to get in the house when it rains, a body natur'ly expects to buy gold bricks, or bet on three card monte. But we been learnin' since them days, and, d'yew know, I consider a man who will stand up and lie to the farmer to get his vote no better'n a horse thief. I can't see why Bynum ain't es guilty, er guiltier, for that matter, as a man who comes to my house and sells me a broken wind and spavined horse for a sound critter. The court'll purtect me if I'm swindled in buyin' a bad horse, and it's no more'n right 'at I be purtected if a congressman gets me to plant all my farm in wheat, 'spectin' to get a big price, and then the price goes down to that point where it's cheaper to feed it to hogs than to haul it to market.

"I never had enough schoolin' when I was a boy to hurt me, and I never read law none, but my lawyer, who is ez sharp ez three-year-old vinegar, tells me law is just common sense, and if it ain't common sense that I ought to have damages for losin' on my wheat crop then they ain't no such thing as common sense in the books. Now, there's my nearest neighbor, Jim Hollinsworth. He says, says he: 'Bill, you go in and give Bynum a taste of law. I'll stand in with you, and after you've done with him I'll take a whack at him.'

FOOLED WORKMEN, TOO.

"'Twixt us two I think we'll make Bill Bynum have more care about what he says to the farmers the next time.' And we ain't the only ones that has it in for him either. He was mighty scarced the last time he run for congress, and he was about ready to promise anything. He gave us the $1.25 wheat story, but when he got up to Elwood and Alexandria and Anderson and Summitville, where they got all them glass factories and rolling mills with natural gas, he told the men if Cleveland was elected they would have work the year 'round, and wages would go up, and they would all be ownin' their own houses in less than no time.

"Well, they got it harder than we did. Six months after Cleveland was elected the glass factories and iron works all closed down, and they have been that way for a year. The men ain't had no work, and in some places they have been takin' up victuals and old clothes to give 'em.

"When that Wilson bill was before congress they sent petitions long enough to reach across a ten acre field askin' Bynum not to vote for free glass and iron, but all the satisfaction they got was the answer that he had to stand by the party platform. Well, they ain't nothin' in the platform as I could see that said a man shouldn't have work, nor anything agin wheat sellin' at $1.25 a bushel, but Bynum and the rest of the Democrats went right ahead makin' the times harder every day, until now we're worse off than since the war. It's mighty funny if he shouldn't have to pay for it."

"But do you expect to get a verdict on that sort of a case?" was asked.

AFTER BYNUM'S SCALP.

"Well, I don't know so much about that. If I was on the jury I'd sock it to him good and strong. I don't know any jury he could get in Madison county that wouldn't make him pay. Howsomever, I don't much expect to beat him. I only want to get the thing noised about so as to kinder stir up the fellers 'at's been lettin' such blowhards as Bynum do their thinkin' for 'em. It'll give me sompin' to talk about all fall, and as I'm thinkin' of makin' some political speeches myself durin' the campaign, it'll sorter advertise the meetin's beforehand.

"Just before Bynum comes around to campaign the district I'll be there a couple o' days ahead of him and fill up the boys with a bagful of questions to fire at him. I think its more'n likely you'll see some purty lively meetin's up our way 'fore 'lection, and they'll be livelier fer a man named Bill Bynum than fer any one I can disremember at this writin'.

"I'm out fer Bynum's scalp, my neighbor's is all after his scalp, and I'll bet a Jersey calf right here and now that we get it. We nominated a farmer, and while we mayn't be strong enough to 'lect him this time, we'll take enough good Democratic votes from Bynum that the Republicans can elect Charles Henry over in Anderson without turnin' a hair."

Although slightly uncouth in his speech, Farmer Stanley has accurately sized up the political situation in the Seventh Indiana district. Bynum had 1,200 votes to spare in the landslide two years ago. At that time the Populists in the district had 1,000 votes. A conservative poll of the district today puts their vote at 5,000, and it will be no surprise if they run as high as 10,000, splitting the Democratic vote. In Marion county they had less than 300 votes two years ago. Today there are about 2,000 members of their clubs, and not fifty of these were ever Republicans. Editor Matthews, of the Nonconformist, says the gains in this county are only trifling compared with the stampede in Madison.

FOR GENERAL HASTINGS.

Why a Newspaper That Supported Governor Pattison Is for the Republican Candidate for Governor This Year.

The Bituminous Record, an independent newspaper published at Phillipsburg, which supported Governor Pattison in the campaign of 1890, and which is particularly devoted to the interests of the hard working miner, has concluded to support General Hastings for governor this year. In arriving at this conclusion the paper says in part:

"Our choice has not been made unadvisedly or without thorough investigation, and in recommending General D. H. Hastings to the wage earners of this state as the candidate for governor for whom they should cast their ballots we have pursued the same line we have in former campaigns—we are giving our support to the man whom we believe will prove the best friend, and will do the most, for the grand body of workingmen in this grand old commonwealth, and to no class of workingmen more so than to the miners."

A history of General Hastings' life follows, after which The Record concludes as follows:

"Summing it all up, then, what are the special features in connection with the career of the Republican candidate for governor as an employer of labor, and as a man, that should commend his candidacy to the favorable consideration of the wage earners of this state, and especially the miners, and more particularly the members of labor organizations?

We take them to be as follows:

First—That he was not reared in the lap of luxury, being born of parents occupying the most humble position in life.

Second—That his boyhood and early manhood days were spent in a heroic struggle, with circumstances and conditions less favorable than is that of thousands of miners today.

Third—That in overcoming adverse circumstances and conditions he exhibited the spirit that should possess every American boy—his success furnishing a commendable example to thousands who will vote for him because of the fact that he has made himself what he is.

Fourth—Because of his pronounced and well known sympathy for those who are struggling to better their condition in life, and his disposition to aid them whenever possible.

Fifth—Because of his approachableness—his readiness to grasp the hand of the toiler just as cordially as that of the most wealthy—a habit not affected, but natural, and which has made him so popular with all classes.

Sixth—Because of his position as to the semi-monthly payment of wages, always having paid promptly and in cash, and in accordance with a law the adoption of which he favored.

Seventh—Because of his opposition to the pluck-me store system of paying wages, at present as well as at a time when there was no law in the state to prohibit corporations from running pluck-me stores, and not only his oppostion to paying in store truck, but objecting as well to countenancing the giving of store orders on other stores—neither owning a store or making a profit out of orders given on other stores.

Ninth—His recognition of check weighman law, of check weighmen and the collection through the office of check weighman's pay, as well as other monies the miners expressed a desire to have collected, and without charging the men a percentage.

Tenth—Because of his refusal to recognize any blacklist, giving employment to every miner applying for work—provided there was a vacant place in the mine—regardless of the applicant's reputation as an upholder of labor organizations.

Eleventh—Because of his position as to immigration until the country has absorbed its surplus labor, to the end that labor should not only be better paid, but in order, also, that American labor should not have to compete with pauper labor either at home or abroad.

Twelfth—Because of his known opposition to unnecessary reductions in wages and his equally well known practice of always paying as high, and in some instances higher, wages than was paid by many of his competitors in the coal business.

CANADA is joyous over the effect of the new tariff law in the United States. With free lumber it has been possible for as much as 1,700,000 feet of lumber from Canada to be landed at the single port of Oswego, N. Y., within thirty-six hours. As much more is expected to arrive daily. Democratic newspapers may be expected to tell their readers in the Pennsylvania lumber regions that this will have no effect upon them, but the intelligent lumber workers will hardly believe it. They know that the Canadian lumber that comes in fills a want that would otherwise be supplied by the Pennsylvania product, and that the coming of the Canadian product is sure to sooner or later make it necessary to cut the price of the Pennsylvania product to compete with the Canadian lumbermen, and that the cut that will come is sure to result in a reduction of the wages paid the Pennsylvania lumbermen.

DON'T wait until the last day to pay your poll tax.

DIRECT FROM LONDON.

Singerly Runs for the Sake of Mr. Cleveland.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG ON THE ISSUE

The Talented Writer and Ex-Minister to China Discusses the Pennsylvania Situation—He Points Out Why the Personality of Mr. Singerly Is Not a Factor, and Gives Good Reasons for the Showing for the Republican Ticket That Will be Made in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania at the Coming Election.

John Russell Young, writing in the Philadelphia Star, and discussing the Pennsylvania campaign, sizes it up so well that we reproduce a portion of it here as good reading. He says:

The London Times announces, on the authority of its American correspondent, that Mr. Singerly runs as the Democratic candidate for the governorship at the request of Mr. Cleveland.

This is a gratifying announcement. It shows the importance Mr. Cleveland attaches to Pennsylvania. It removes the personality of Mr. Singerly from the campaign. We are not to vote upon the governorship, but upon the policy of President Cleveland.

The country, in going from Harrison to Cleveland, passed from the most prosperous into the most disastrous episode of its history. Read the last message of President Harrison, its marvelous summing up of the nation's resources and prosperity, and its analysis of the causes, and compare it with the dreary months that have supervened. The Cleveland government began with a cabinet which was a caricature upon representative institutions, which represented nothing but the needs of corporations, the solid South and the whims of personal friendship. There was no seat at that council table for any representative northern Democrat, for any leader who had borne the brunt of Democracy. The statesmanship in the cabinet rested with the south. The country has been governed by the south.

Thus equipped, with a secretary of state who had been floating between a Populist and a Republican nomination until Mr. Cleveland caught him on the wing, we have had a policy of tyranny, caprice, failure and experiment.

For the first time in our history the American flag floating in honor has been hauled down in contumely and shame. This was the lesson of Hawaii.

For the first time in our history an American compact with a friendly, trusting people, who confided in our justice, was broken. This is the lesson of Samoa.

For the first time in our history an American secretary of the treasury publicly discredited American credit. This is the lesson of Mr. Carlisle's declaration in favor of paying our treasury notes in silver.

For the first time in our history an American president has subordinated the finance of the country to the dictation of the Bank of England. This is the lesson of the silver legislation.

For the first time in our history an American president has permitted a public measure to become a law which was every dinner table and every nursery for the benefit of an alien corporation. This is the lesson of the sugar trust.

The scandal of the sugar trust stands out as the most infamous enactment since the Lecompton business, which did so much to bring on the war. Under the sugar trust every pound of sugar is taxed for the benefit of a corporation. There has never been so wanton an outrage. It did not even pretend to be a measure of finance. The trust simply said to the Democratic administration: "We have control of American sugar. We can refine sugar cheaper than abroad, and therefore by the natural laws of trade we can make some money. But we need a great deal of money. You must tax refined sugar from abroad, and we will add the amount of the tax to our gains." It was done. The president mourns over it in his letter to Mr. Wilson. But he saw the schedule before it was sent to congress. A word from him would have withdrawn it. His secretary of the treasury wrote it. And when the house, responding to public indignation, repealed it, his secretary of the treasury wrote a letter which prevented the senate from assenting to the repeal.

It is trifling with common sense to suppose that this sugar infamy could have lived for an hour without Mr. Clevelan's assent. One word from him—such a word as Jackson spoke in regard to the bank, or as Grant wrote when his own party friends were pressing inflation upon him—one word, and it would have ended.

The sugar infamy is the work of the Cleveland administration—of a Democratic senate and house—and it must so go to the people.

Thus believing, there never was a time when it was more necessary for the Republicans to come earnestly together. All piques, differences of opinion, abrasions and disappointments must sink before the one duty of overthrowing the administration and restoring the party of liberty, prosperity, fraternity and union.

IN various parts of Pennsylvania where Populist organizations have been effected with Democratic managers at the head of them the policy has been to nominate Republicans, or a majority of Republicans, in most cases well known farmers, for the county offices, as well as for congress. The object of this plan ought to be too apparent to fool any one, and it doubtless will be. The Democrats who are organizing branch Populist parties in Pennsylvania have only one object in the organization and in the selection of Republican farmers as the candidates of the Populist parties. They hope thereby to attract from the Republican candidates the votes that are wasted on the Populist candidates and thereby help the Democratic ticket. Pennsylvania farmers will be tempted in this way in many parts of the state this year, but they should not be fooled into a loss of their votes. The trick is too bold to fool Pennsylvania farmers, and they will resent the insult to their intelligence by leaving the Populist party and its candidates severely alone.

IF you are interested yourself in the good work of restoring prosperity see that your neighbor grows enthusiastic in the same direction.

A VOTE never counted so much for prosperity as it will this year if cast in favor of the party of protection.

NOT THE CONSUMER

But the Rich Importer Who Reaps the Benefit of the Flood of Foreign Goods Coming In.

The St. Louis Republic, one of the most prominent of the Democratic newspapers of the country, has made an honest effort in its news columns to get at the workings of the new tariff. In an issue of recent date this paper published an interview with one of the largest custom house brokers in the west. In order to explain why the interview was sought, and why it was published, The Republic says:

"In order to brush aside tariff theories and leave the cold facts bare and unincumbered by specious argument, a Republic man secured an interview yesterday with Charles H. Wyman, of this city, who is one of the largest custom house brokers in the west. Mr. Wyman does an extensive brokerage business for all the large wholesale houses in various lines in St. Louis, and therefore he deals with hard business facts, and not with political theories."

The statement of the broker, Mr. Wyman, follows:

"It is a mistake to suppose that the consumer will be greatly benefitted by the reduced rate of duty. So far as I have had an opportunity to study the matter and to talk with those who should know, the decrease in cost by reason of the reduced tariff will in the majority of instances be absorbed either by the foreign manufacturers or by the importing jobber. I refer more particularly now to those lines which have heretofore found entry. The presumption is that if such goods could be marketed here under the McKinley law it would be much easier to market them under the Wilson bill. Manufacturers abroad, therefore, are very apt to advance prices in part, if not fully up to the mark, so that the cost to the importer will be the same or nearly so under the Wilson bill as under the McKinley tariff. Where this procedure is not adopted the importer—but if not he, then the retailer—will get the benefit. Thus, as I have already intimated, in the great majority of cases the decrease, while appreciable to the importer, who handles in large quantities, is so small that it will scarcely descend to the consumer.

"Take, for instance, tin plates, which were taxed under the McKinley law at 2.2 cents per pound, and which, after Oct. 1, will be taxed 1.2 cents, a reduction of over 42 per cent. Whose tin pail, or even wash boiler, will cost him one cent less?

"Woolens, under the old law, were taxed 50 per cent. of their value and 44 cents per pound. The new law provides (after Jan. 1, 1895) that the entire tax shall be but 50 per cent. and abolishing the duty on the weight. Now, as the weight of woolens runs from about sixteen ounces to twenty-four ounces to the yard, and three and one-half yards will make a suit of clothes, ask yourself if you think it likely that between the manufacturer of the cloth, the importer and the tailor you will get from $1.50 to $2.50 allowance by reason of the decreased duty? I think not.

SOME EXAMPLES.

"Now here is a list of commodities, taken from records in our office, upon which I have calculated the decrease in duty:

"Taffeta gloves, decrease 13 cents per dozen pairs; cotton gloves, decrease 6 cents per dozen pairs; cotton hosiery, decrease 30 cents per dozen pairs; cotton hosiery, decrease 20 cents per dozen pairs; cotton velvet, decrease 3 cents per yard; English pickles, etc., decrease 30 cents per dozen pint bottles; English pickles, etc., decrease 52 cents per dozen quart bottles; razors, decrease 90 cents per dozen; anvils, decrease from 60 cents to 80 cents each; cigars, decrease 57 cents per hundred cigars; curtains, decrease 22 cents per pair; handkerchiefs (linen), decrease 6 cents per dozen.

"And so on. I think you will agree with me that the consumer is not likely to note any decrease when he comes to buy these goods from the retailer.

Moreover, it is a fact that hosiery, which according to my figures shows the most tangible decrease, has advanced rapidly in price in the foreign markets. You can verify this by applying to the buyers in any of the wholesale houses. One or more of the larger importers here, anticipating such action on the part of manufacturers, contracted for a full season's supply six months in advance, and before the foreign price was raised. Such merchants are in a position to make the decrease appreciable to the consumer, but that they will is problematic.

"Understand that the figures I have given are subject to some modification, according to the character of the goods imported. You will note that on cotton hosiery one class is reduced 20 cents per dozen pairs, while the other is reduced 30 cents per dozen pairs. The range is doubtless even greater than these figures indicate."

A SMALL DIFFERENCE.

Speaking of the new tariff bill in further detail, Mr. Wyman said, in conclusion: "Take, for example, goods that under the McKinley law cost $1 per yard abroad. It costs the importer 10 per cent. for his expenses in freight, insurance, etc., to place the goods in his house on this side. On the top of this there is an ad valorem duty of 35 per cent., say, under the McKinley law. The goods, therefore, cost the importer $1.45 per yard. Now comes the Wilson bill and lowers the duty to 25 per cent. The importer still has to pay $1 abroad for his goods, and the cost of the freight, insurance, etc., is the same as before. Therefore the goods, under the Wilson bill, costs the importer $1.35, which is a saving of ten cents on $1.45, or only about 7 per cent.

"The error which the average stump speakers makes, consciously or unconsciously, in his argument is that when the Wilson bill lowers the duty from 35 per cent. to 25 per cent. there is a saving to the consumer of 10 per cent.

"But I have shown conclusively, I believe, that the actual saving is only 7 per cent.; and, furthermore, experience has shown that a small amount, if any, of the savings is for the consumer—it is the rich importer who reaps the benefit."

THE first symptoms of our new condition was the beginning of strikes. That in the cotton trade was the first, but is by no means the worst we may expect. Free trade brings us not peace, but a sword. It flings the employing and the working classes into collision, and spreads a sort of civil war over the land. The great railroad strike was a forerunner of evils to come.

It cannot be charged that General Hastings has not entered upon active hard work. Let every Republican follow the example of the leader.

MAJOR RUSSEL UNDER ARREST.

A Charge of Forgery Sworn by John O. Oldberg.

Washington, Sept. 25.—A case of a wife's deception, in which three persons in the service of the government are concerned, has been revealed through the arrest yesterday of Major Alexander A. Russell, of Missouri, a special examiner in the pension office, on a warrant charging him with forgery sworn out by John O. Oldberg, a clerk in the Indian office. Some years ago Oldberg invested in property near this city which has increased to $12,000 in value. About three months ago he learned that the land had been sold without his sanction and an investigation showed him that his wife was a party to the transaction. Deeds conveying the land to other parties were found by him, signed by John O. Oldberg, in a handwriting that did not correspond to his own signature, and Ella C. Oldberg, his wife's name, in what was unquestionably her hand.

Mrs. Oldberg told a story that implicated Major Russell. She is a clerk in the pension office and sat next to the desk occupied by the major. According to her statement Russell heard her one day turn away a creditor who came for money. Russell told her that she should raise money on her property, but Mrs. Oldberg said she did not wish her husband to know she was in debt. "Well, you can arrange that," Russell is alleged to have said. "Prepare a deed of trust for what you want, leave the rest to me, and ask no questions."

So Mrs. Oldberg asked no questions, but went before a notary public and saw Russell, so she says, sign the name of her husband to the deed of trust. She claims that she did not get any of the money, and Russell says he did not.

This rather shady business was reported to the commissioner of pensions. He called for an explanation from Mrs. Oldberg and she told the story as given in this account. Later she wrote the commissioner that Russell had nothing to do with the matter and she did not know the guilty person. Soon after the last loan had been negotiated Russell was sent on public business to Meadville, Pa., and remained there until summoned to Washington to explain the Oldberg affair.

He denies the whole story and says that Oldberg is in collusion with Mrs. Russell, who is being sued for divorce, to blacken the major's character. If Mrs. Oldberg's first story proves true, she and Russell will be dismissed from the government service.

Cleaning Woodwork.

It often happens that the woodwork on doors, particularly near the handles, will become quite dirty and badly stained by the frequent running back and forth of careless children. In these cases it is sometimes found impossible to remove the marks with cold water or without the use of soap, however undesirable. If this occurs, throw two tablespoonsful of pulverized borax into a pail of hot water, and wash the paint with it. Do not use a brush; but if found impossible to remove the marks in this way, then the soap must be resorted to. Rub the soap on the cloth, and then sprinkle over the soap dry borax, and rub the spots faithfully, rinsing with plenty of water. By washing woodwork in this way the paint will not be injured, and the borax will keep the hands soft and white. Borax is not half as freely used in domestic labor as it would be if all its usefulness were better known. Its help in increasing the cleansing properties of soap, and at the same time correcting its corrosive tendency, is one of its most valuable properties.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A POOR SUBSTITUTE

for a well-known medicine pays more profit to a dealer, when he sells it. That's the reason he annoys you with his claim that it is "just as good." And that is one reason why every woman who wants Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription should go to a *reliable* dealer.

Every woman *does* want it, if she's suffering from any ailment peculiar to her sex. If she's "run-down," or delicate, she needs it just as much. It's a special tonic, that builds her up; a legitimate medicine, that corrects and cures. For every "female complaint" and weakness, it is the only remedy so safe and certain that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back.

What else, can be "just as good" for you?

BRIMFUL of confidence in it—the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's a faith that means business, too—it's backed up by money. This is what they offer: $500 for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure.

S.S.S.

Heals Running Sores.

Cures the Serpent's Sting.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

In all its stages completely eradicated by S. S. S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system. A valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Golden Star

Gold Mining Company

OF MONTANA.

Capital $300,000 divided into 300,000 shares of $1 par value each.

Non-assessable forever.

This company owns two gold mines located in a county which produced $40,000,000 in gold in six years. Has 45 acres of virgin land. Has 500 feet of underground work in shape of shafts and tunnels. Has ore in sight worth $100 per ton. Has assays from $25 to $1,500 per ton. Has shipped ore netting $36 per ton. Has such a small capitalization, only 300,000 shares and not 2,000,000 shares as other companies.

The company intends to sink a shaft through this rich $100 ore vein to a depth of several hundred feet, in order to be able to produce largely for the benefit of the stockholders which will get this profit in large monthly dividends. Hence the company offers a small amount of its stock at the extremely low price of 35 cents a share.

These shares are the investment on the financial market to-day and are better than Government Bonds as they will pay bigger interest.

Write at once for reports and other literature. Address,

The Golden Star Gold Mining Company,

No. 1505 Schiller Theatre,

Chicago, Illinois.

sept25 2m

WHAT A BOY SAW IN THE ARMY.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE and interesting WAR BOOK published. Charming descriptions of thrilling personal experiences. By the Rev. J. B. YOUNG, Editor "Central Christian Advocate." 100 Original Illustrations by Frank Beard (the pictures are worth more than price of book). Low in price. Extraordinary inducements. Exclusive territory. Don't delay! days are worth dollars. Send 50 cents at once for outfit. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

AGENTS WANTED.

HUNT & EATON, 150 Fifth Ave., N.Y. C'y.

38-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF AMElia Royer, late of Potter township. The undersigned having been appointed Auditor in the above estate to make distribution of the funds in the hands of J. S. Houseman, administrator, gives notice that he will be in his office in Bellefonte on October 6, 1894, for the duties of his said appointment. Parties interested please attend.

E. R. CHAMBERS, Auditor.

sept 27 3t

Sewing Machines.

Mr. J. H. Hill, No. 11 Spring street, Bellefonte, agent for the celebrated Singer sewing machine, which received the highest prize for surerior merit at the World's Fair at Chicago, last year, not only sells this superior machine, but is well equipped to repair all machines of whatever make in a thorough and workman-like manner. All kinds of repairs and needles for all machines kept constantly on hand. If your machine does not work perfectly call or leave orders at our store,

J. H. HILL,
No. 11 Spring St.

26 6m

R.B.U.

Address "Secretary."

Going Away to School? If so, it will surely pay to send for the new, illustrated catalogue of the famous Rochester (N. Y.) Business University.

ALLEGHENY CONFERENCE.

It is Now in Session at Conemaugh. Bishop Hott Presiding.

Conemaugh, Pa., September 19.—The Allegheny annual conference of the church of the United Brethren in Christ met in its fifty-sixth session in the First United Brethren church, at Conemaugh, at 2 o'clock with the presiding bishop J. W. Hott, D. D., in the chair.

The bishop was born in Virginia in 1844, where he spent his early life and preached eleven years. He began his ministry during the war times in Virginia, and these were not pleasant times for the itinerant, who tried to be loyal to his country and at the same time serve his church. In 1873 he was elected treasurer of the Home, Frontier and Foreign Missionary society, which position he held till in 1877, when he was elected editor of the Religious Telescope and continued such for twenty years. In 1889 he was chosen bishop and assigned to the Pacific coast. In 1893 he was re-elected bishop and this is the first time he came to preside over this conference. He was one of the two delegates sent to the Methodist ecumenical council, held in London, at the close of which he extended his travels through Europe, Palestine and Egypt. During this time he gave a full, clear and vivid description through the columns of the Telescope, of places visited, which informatian was new to many of our people and proved intensely interesting reading. Upon his return he wrote a large volume entitled, "Journeyings in the Old World." The conference will no doubt ask him to deliver his lecture on the Holy Land before it adjourns.

The conference is composed of sixty-five fields of labor, with three presiding elder districts known as Altoona, Johnstown and Greensburg, the respective elders being R. S. Woodward, L. W. Stahl, T. P. Orner. Each charge is represented by the pastor and lay delegate and these, together with the visiting ministers and some of the general officers of the church, will swell the number to nearly 150.

Conemaugh has grown much since the flood. The residences are much finer, the streets and sidewalks are greatly improved and the water supply is excellent. The people give thrilling stories of the flood, and the account of many narrow escapes as though it was an occurrence of yesterday. For years to come they will give vivid details of the awful devastation.

The bishop opened the conference with devotional services. Miss Annie Zane was asked to preside at the organ and Rev. J. I. L. Resler was requested to lead the singing. The bishop made an invocation which was followed by a hymn and Rev. D. Speck made the opening prayer with much fervency. The bishop read Phillipians 1 ch. upon which he made some appropriate remarks holding up before the conference for their imitation the supreme faith of Paul. The general remarks to the conference were most happy and full of sympathy which won all hearts.

The former secretary W. H. Mingle was called to the desk, but it was learned that he was absent on account of the death of his only daughter which occurred last evening. S. S. Hough was then called upon to act as temporary secretary. The roll was called when it was learned that most of the members were present. The ballot for secretary resulted in the election of W. H. Mingle. S. S. Hough was appointed secretary till after the funeral of Mr. Mingle's child.

The six front seats were reserved for the bar of the conference.

The hours for meeting were fixed at 8.30 a. m. and 1.45 p. m., to adjourn on motion. J. F. Kelley, W. R. Dillen, R. F. G. Welsh, E. G. Spessard, E. B. Wilson, E. F. Ott, H. F. Wolf, W. A. Jackson were referred to the committee on candidates for membership in conference.

The bishop appointed the following committees:

On Candidates—J. I. L. Resler, A. E. Davidson, D. Speck, J. N. Munden, D. Sheerer, B. C. Shaw, A. E. Fulton.

On Devotion—L. W. Stahl, W. H. Mingle, J. F. John, A. B. Pringle.

On Elders' Orders—L. Keister, J. F. Talheim, B. F. Noon, G. C. Cook, J. L. Baker.

Committee to Receive Funds—Preachers' aid fund, J. E. McClay; conference collection, H. A. Buffington; educational beneficiary, W. H. Blackburn; Sunday school general fund, I. P. Truxal; church erection, W. Cramer; publication fund, O. R. McCullough; Easter offering, O. T. Stewart; Union Biblical seminary, T. W. Burges, Otterbein university, A. W. Maxwell.

Condition of the Crops.

No monthly report ever issued by the Department of Agriculture was ever awaited with more interest than that which was given out last week. It had been expected that the condition of corn would show the lowest average in the history of the crop, and expert forecasts had placed the percentage somewhere between 56 and 59, indicating a yield between 1,200,000,000 and 1,300,000,000 bushels. The official figures place the condition at 63.4, which is the lowest since September 1, 1881. According to the government statistician, the damage caused by drought throughout August was only 5.7 per cent. and unless September frosts further reduce the yield the crop will harvest between 1,400,000,000 and 1,500,000,000 bushels. This is much better than hoped for a month ago, but will represent a great loss compared with two months ago, when the condition promised the largest crop ever harvested. The extent of damage, however, may be appreciated when it is stated that out of an aggregate of 41,000,000 acres planted to the surplus-growing states, 15,506,009 acres are abandoned or cut for fodder.

Some compensation for the decrease in corn is found in the increase in wheat. The condition of the latter is placed at 88.7 against 85.3 in 1892. There has been considerable improvement in all the wheat growing states, and the yield is fully up to expectation. Oats, rye and barley have also improved.

The prospects are, taking the amount carried over from the previous year, that the United States will not only have an abundance of wheat and corn for home consumption, but will supply the usual amount needed for export.

Maine Roads

He who travels through Maine cannot fail to notice one interesting fact. All of the old fashioned houses, the real old land marks, are located on hilltops, and past them run the old roads, the ancient turnpikes. That was the old-fashioned way of locating roads and houses. The builders picked out the hills, and over them in toilsome and tortuous ascent and descent went the roads, with the old-time dwelling by the side thereof. Even where there was a good opportunity of going around it was ignored by our forefathers. They evidently didn't figure that it was no farther around a pail bail when it lay horizontally. It is along the modern highway that you work among the hills by way of the valleys, and it is the modern farmer who locates his farm so that the haul is down hill.

And it is pretty much the same in Centre and other counties of our state—roads were invariably made to cross the hills because the levels and low lands were better for farming. So the team must jog up hill and down, with half a load and great fatigue, on a false principle of economy in road construction of years gone by. Let our modern road builders hitch on to the new idea of level roads and good.

The J. O. U. A. M. Adjourned.

Lancaster, Sept. 21.—At this morning's session of the state council Junior Order United American Mechanics a resolution was adopted expressing satisfaction at the rules laid down by Judge Yerkes, of Bucks county, in relation to the naturalization of foreigners, and expressing the hope that Judge Yerkes' example will be followed by other judges. Resolutions to recind the laws which keep liquor dealers and colored people out of the order were defeated.

A resolution was carried, asking the national council to provide for the decoration of the graves of members of the Grand Army of the Republic where no Post is established; also, asking the state legislature to enact laws requiring each public school in the state to fly the American flag.

A resolution was also passed endorsing State Councillor Kerr in his action in reference to the Riverside and Gallitzin school cases.

At the closing sessions this afternoon State Councillor Crane and State Vice Councillor Johnson was installed by Deputy National Councillor Montanye. Past State Councillor Kerr was presented with a handsome gold emblem of the order.

Hecla Park in October.

Soturday, October 6th, promises to be a great day at Hecla Park and the gathering there of that occasion promises to be large. The meeting will include all the young people's religious societies of Centre, Clinton and Lycoming counties. Some of the most popular speakers of the day will be present and address the people. It will be free to all.

R. MURRAY, M. D.,
Surgeon General (Retired), U. S. A.
Philadelphia.

WRITES ABOUT

Nervous Dyspepsia

"As a dietetic preparation I believe Bovinine of great value. I have used it for more than a year in a very aggravated case of nervous dyspepsia, and found it very much superior to any other meat extract food.

BOVININE
The Original Raw Food

"I also find it keeps in the warmest weather. It is easily prepared for administration, and has been successful in every case where I have tried it."

Sold by all druggists.

THE BOVININE CO., NEW YORK.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

Father and Daughter Long Separated are at Last Reunited.

Last Friday there passed through Bellefonte on her way to Pennsylvania Furnace, Mrs. A. W. Lebrine, of Lock Haven, who on that day met her father, William Laird, from whom she was separated eighteen years ago when she was only two years of age, and whom she had not seen since. The story of their separation, life apart, and final reunion, has an element of the romantic in it.

In 1871 at Lock Haven, William Laird and Miss Isabelle Wilson were united in marriage against the wishes of the lady's family. To them was born a daughter who had reached the age of only two years when her mother died. Then Mrs. Laird's sister, Mrs. S. Smith, requested that the child be given into her charge, the father acquiesced, and the child entered her aunt's home to remain there until her father should claim her.

But it seemed to be the covert intention that the little one should never return to her father. Soon after she had been taken into her aunt's home, Mrs. Smith left Lock Haven without informing anyone whither she was going. She removed to Buffalo, where she gave the child her own name, Smith, and taught the little one to believe that she was her mother. When the child was fourteen years old, Mrs. Smith died, but before her death she called the little girl to her bedside and told her the complete story of her life, that her name was not Smith, but Laird, and that her father resided somewhere in Pennsylvania.

After her aunt's death the girl kept up a continual search for her father. He had left Lock Haven soon after Mrs. Smith had gone, and there was no trace of his whereabouts. As a young lady Miss Laird attended the Lock Haven schools from which she was graduated, and about two years ago she became the wife of A. W. Lebrine, of that city. Never did she give up her inquiry for her father for whom she advertised and wrote to many places throughout the state. Finally a letter from her reached Loveville and fell into the hands of a man who knew Mr. Laird. This man wrote to Mrs. Lebrine that her father had been at Port Matilda where she would doubtless find news of him. On writing to Port Matilda the daughter found that William Laird, a carpenter, had resided there but had removed to Pennsylvania Furnace. At the latter place at last she found him and a correspondence between father and daughter ensued. Mr. Laird, throughout these years of separation, had been as assiduous as his daughter in the search for her. He also had advertised and written letters in the hope of finding her.

Father and daughter having found each other's whereabouts, planned the reunion which took place last Friday at the home of Mr. Laird's brother at Pennsylvania Furnace. To add to his great joy, Mr. Laird then not only greeted his long-lost daughter, but he also looked into the bright eyes of a bouncing eight-months-old grandchild. The reunion was one of pleesure and satisfaction to father and daughter so long separated.

IT HAS PARALYZED THEM.

Democrats Losing Hope Since Singerly's Declaration.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—Democrats in this city and end of the state were depressed by the stand taken to-day by Mr. Singerly, the democratic candidate for Governor. The leaders say it knocks the life out of any canvass that might hereafter be made.

Republicans look upon Mr. Singerly's advice to State Democrats as practically a withdrawal from the head of the ticket. It has been said that he would actually withhold his name from the ticket, but he says this is not true.

William F. Harrity is doing his best to make the public believe he did not defeat William McAleer for Congress yesterday. This is his statement: "I had endeavored to bring about the nomination of Mr. McAleer for the sake of peace in the party. I had promised Mr. Singerly to do that and up to last evening had every reason to believe it would be done."

As the men who whipped the Congressman are Harrity's close friends, his pretended innocence is laughed at. Beside a sure defeat for McMullen for Congress in the Third district, the democrats by yesterday's blunder killed all chance of electing State Senator Becker's successor.

A solid Republican congressional, senatorial and assembly delegation from this city is almost certain. Republican leaders say the majority in Philadelphia, which they formerly put at 60,000, will be more than 70,000.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company's Tour to the South—The Last of the Season.

The last of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's tours to the South, for the season, will leave New York and Philadelphia on September 29.

This tour passes through the most beautiful sections of Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, particularly fine at this time of the year, and the specific points covered are Gettysburg, Blue Mountain, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, the Grottoes of the Shenandoah, and the cities of Richmond and Washington.

The party will travel in special train of parlor cars, provided exclusively for their use, and the rate for the entire round trip covering a period of ten days, and including all traveling expenses, is $55 from New York and $53 from Philadelphia.

For itineraries containing complete information as to routes, special train service descriptive notes, &c., apply to or address Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, N. Y., or Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

"An Intra mural View," a very artistic brochure, has been received from The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia, publishers of *The Ladies Home Journal*. As the title indicates, the booklet gives us glimpses of the interiors of the JOURNAL'S offices, and some idea of the work carried on there. The main building, entirely occupied by the editorial and business office, was designed by Mr. Hardenbergh the architect of the Hotel Waldorf, New York, and was completed in January, 1893. The exterior is attractive and the interior elegantly appointed and admirably planned. The numerous illustrations showing the commodious and well-fitted offices, and the accompanying text, giving us some insight into the work in the different bureaus, requiring a force approximating four hundred employes, indicate the wonderful success which *The Ladies Home Journal* has achieved in an almost incredibly short time. The first number was issued in December, 1883, so that less than eleven years have elapsed since Mr. Curtis conceived the idea which has developed into so vast an enterprise. In this short time its merit and steadv improvements in all departments have received such recognition that its circulation has reached the enormous average of about 700,000. the largest magazine output in the world. The brochure also describes at some length the work of printing and binding the *Journal*, which is carried on in a separate building.

"An Intra-Mural View" will be sent to any one who will address The Curtis Publishing Company, and inclose four cents in stamps for postage.

—The committee appointed on Thursday evening to look up a good site for a fair grounds visited all the places suggested on Friday. They found several that would be available and it all depends on the terms that can be obtained from the owners which location will be the most favorably reported.

A DIVIDEND PAYER.

The Gold Dollar Mining Company

OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO,
Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar each, FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.
150,000 shares in Treasury.
The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.
Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.
In January, 1895, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2400 per annum on the amount invested.
H HOFFICER, Sec. and Treas.
A limited amount of the shares are now offered
AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE.
Stock, Prospectus and experts report may be obtained from the banking house of
H R LOUNSBERY, 57 Broadway, N. Y.

5 TO 20 DOLLARS PER DAY Easily Made.

We want many men, women, boys, and girls to work for us a few hours daily, right in and around their own homes. The business is easy, pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered agents. You have a clear field and no competition. Experience and special ability unnecessary. No capital required. We equip you with everything that you need, treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Women do as well as men, and boys and girls make good pay. Any one, anywhere, can do the work. All succeed who follow our plain and simple directions. Earnest work will surely bring you a great deal of money. Everything is new and in great demand. Write for our pamphlet circular, and receive full information. No harm done if you conclude not to go on with the business.
GEORGE STINSON & CO.,
Box 488,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

ERRORS OF YOUTH
and Obscure Diseases speedily and permanently cured by the celebrated specialist,
DR. LOBB, 329 N. 15th St. Philada., Pa.
No deception, no false representation. I will cure you positively and make you vigorous and strong. Treatment by mail a specialty and strictly confidential. Send 4c. in stamps for book on HOME CURE TREATMENT

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

VITALIS
PHOTOGRAPHED FROM LIFE.

Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day. VITALIS 10th Day. THE GREAT 20th Day. FRENCH REMEDY 30th Day.
Produces the Above Results in 30 Days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using VITALIS. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excess and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Insist on having VITALIS, no other. Can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address CALUMET REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.
For sale by Krumrine Bros., Bellefonte, Pa.

THE TWILIGHT COTTAGE NO. 15

This 7 room cottage can be built for $2500, the price varying slightly according to locality.

Our readers will be pleased to know that we have secured authority to offer the complete plans and specifications of the "Twilight" Cottage No. 15, on the above terms, 50 cents and the certificate below clipped from this paper.

A set of these plans contains five sheets, each sheet 14x25 inches, blue-printed, such as are used by architects, engineers and builders.

SHEET No. 1 consists of views of front elevation, and prospective.
SHEET No. 2 consists of side elevation and interior sectional views.
SHEET No. 3 illustrates different floor plans.
SHEET No. 4 shows various details, sections of porch, door frame, window frame, stairs, etc.
SHEET No. 5 covers full specifications, itemized estimate of cost of all materials used, cost of labor, with full particulars and advice regarding division of cost of various lines of materials, instructions and suggestions to builder, etc.

Any one interested in a cheaper cottage can use the certificate to cover the "Pansy" Cottage No. 12, shown below, the plans for which are fully as complete and elaborate. These are engraved on fine bond paper, and will be supplied by the REPUBLICAN on same conditions. Both plans will be sent postpaid for $1.00 and two certificates from this paper.

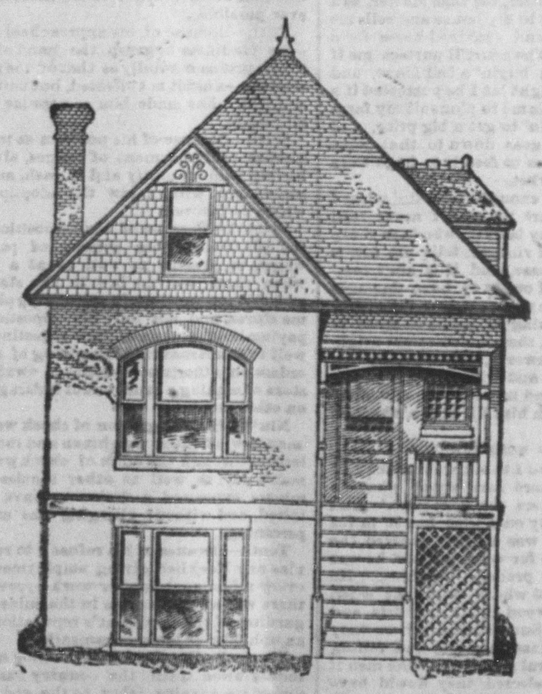
☞ This Certificate when accompanied with 50 cents will entitle holder to a full and complete set of Plans with specifications of

"Pansy" Cottage, No. 12,

"Twilight" Cottage No. 15.

All plans are under the supervision of the UNIVERSAL PLAN COMPANY; they are drawn to a scale and are mechanically correct and guaranteed ready to Build from—everything that can be furnished by a competent architect being provided for. They are neatly wrapped in pasteboard tube and sent postpaid to any address on above terms.

An architect would require upwards of $25.00 for furnishing plans with all the details given in ours and readers of the REPUBLICAN are thus afforded an opportunity seldom offered. Every one is interested in building to some extent and with the valuable fund of information given at a minimum cost you should not hesitate to take advantage of this offer. Send all orders direct to the REPUBLICAN office, Bellefonte, Pa.



THE PANSY COTTAGE NO. 12.

This 5-room cottage, besides attic room and bath room, may be built in brick for $1700, or in frame for $1400, the price varying slightly according to locality.

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Are You Thin?
Flesh made with Thinacura tablets by a scientific process. They create perfect assimilation of every form of food, secreting the valuable parts and discarding the worthless. They make thin faces plump and round out the figure. They are the
STANDARD REMEDY
for leanness, containing no arsenic, and absolutely harmless.
Price prepaid, $1 per box, 6 for $5.
Pamphlet, "HOW TO GET FAT," free.
The THINACURA CO., 949 Broadway New York
38 4t

Roach Non-Suited.

Franklin, Pa., Sept. 21.—The case of John Roach vs. the Eclipse Lubricating Company, limited, which has been on trial here for two days, came to an abrupt termination this forenoon, Judge Taylor granting a compulsory non-suit on the ground that no case had been made out. The suit resulted from the great flood and fire catastrophe in Oil City on June 5, 1892, in which over fifty lives were lost. The plaintiff in the case lost his entire family and based a suit for damages on the alleged negligence of the defendant company in leaving a benzine tank, which he claimed was not sufficiently protected, thereby causing it to be undermined by the flood and the benzine to spread on the waters, which, when it exploded, killed his family. Thirty similar suits against the Eclipse Company were awaiting on he result in the present case.

Confederates Before the G. A. R.

Cumberland News.

There is something exceedingly touching in the spectacle of a confederate soldier appearing before a national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and moving the old soldiers of the Union by the fervor of his eloquence to elect a Southern city as the next place of meeting for that body. The reception which Gordon and Watterson received at Pittsburg is a gratifying evidence of the final disappearance of all the old war times bitterness, and we thank God that it is so.

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The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

SULPHUR BITTERS. Why suffer with Boils? Why have with that terrible Headache? Why lay and loss on that bed of pain, with Rheumatism? What makes you feverish so? Your nerves are all unstrung, and need a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature, repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap Rum or poor preparations which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other med. icines or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. No person can remain long sick who uses

SULPHUR Bitters

The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied. Get it of your Druggist.

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If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS They never fail to cure.

Send 2 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

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convince the skeptic and point the way which if followed leads to

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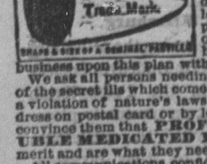
Our method of introducing Prof. Harris' Pastille treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of expense beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out, and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE. When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment. Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their sexual condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: $3 for one month; $5 for two months; $7 for three months.



These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

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THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

THE "NITTANY BULLETIN."

A Unique Publication Appearing "Every Once-in-a-While."

Friday evening we were handed a copy of the "Nittany Bulletin," a covel advertising sheet issued by the Valentine Iron company, and, we presume, edited by Mr. J. W. Gephart, the superintendent. Under the head of "Politics," its leading article is as follows:

Our bulletin cannot expect to long maintain its prestige in the field of journalism unless, like all other great journals it takes a hand in shaping the affairs of the nation. Like other editors, we must advise, chastise, and philosophise on diplomacy, finance, tariff, and public morals, else our literary venture will soon perish, our subscribers desert us, and a great financial crisis overtake us. Treading in the footsteps of our great metropolitan periodicals, we must walk circumspectly in this field. Care must be taken not to say anything on any subject to which there are not two sides; or on which our subscribers and patrons are about evenly divided. Having selected our political theme, we must try, if possible, to say something favorable to both sides of the great issue in the same article. This is sometimes difficult. Statesmen, especially congressmen, frequently fail in the effort. Editors often rise to the emergency. If the straddle is too difficult, we observe they sometimes cover the one side in one, and the other in a subsequent issue. This we regard as the next best plan to being on both sides at once. The sim seems to be to please everybody, offend nobody, and increase the list of subscribers. In view of this diagnosis, great care must be exercised in selecting a theme. We have laid awake at nights to avoid erring at this juncture. We have about concluded to tackle "Breckinridge." About the whole country (this takes in all our subscribers) is against him. Everybody will applaud and no one cancel their subscription on this issue. His defeat is an evidence that morality and politics have not been permanently divorced—only temporarily estranged. The fact is, we hope they will soon be reunited, and celebrate either their silver, or golden, or greenback wedding. (We had to use the whole three in this figure, to please all sides on the money question.) When this reunion occurs we doubt if Breckinridge will need to play solitaire on his retirement. Politics is a wonderful field. Like the ocean, it is strewn with derelicts. Every season increases the number. Strange mutations occur. Willson had a bill, but he himself hardly knows what became of it. Miss Pollard had another, little thought of at first, which has become a national issue. By removing the veil from inner Washington, she has started a moral force which may, and should, engulf the immorality so prevalent of late in our public life. The weak things of the earth occasionally confound the mighty. Perhaps woman has found her place in politics. If the desolute will turn informers against our wayward statesmen, and the poor and virtuous vindicate their fallen sisters by working and praying for the defeat of the unworthy in public life, a purer atmosphere will soon envelop our public buildings and our whole national life. The nation, be believe, is about satisfied to let the tariff and finance alone, and can profitably follow up this new lead."

Under the heading, "Speculation," the "Bulletin" gives the condition of the iron market as vastly improved and continually improving, owing to the shortage in supply of the raw pig, and not because of "tariff or no tariff." The remainder of the sheet, which is nicely gotten up, is made up of advertising matter for the product of the Valentine furnace.

His Prisoner Was Dead.

Springfield, Mo., September 19.—J. W Johnson, deputy Unsted States marshal, has returned a warrant issued for the arrest of J. S. Little, of Mayflower, wanted for opening a registered letter and taking $40. The warrant was returned with the statement that Little was dead. When Deputy Johnson arrested the postmaster, he asked to be allowed to change his clothes, and on returning was dressed in black and carrying a Bible. This he gave to the deputy, saying it was his last will and testament, and requested that he be allowed to take a nap for two hours, stating that at the end of that time he would be dead. The deputy granted the request but guarded him. At the end of two hours the officers went to wake his prisoner, whom he found dead. He had concealed a butcher knife in his clothing and had stabbed himself.

Dr. Parkhurst's Campaign.

New York, September 19.—The good government campaign opened last night in the Park Avenue Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, was the principal speaker. He explained his attack upon the judiciary as follows: "There has come a confession from judges whose names even I do not know, that they had paid solid cash for their election. God have mercy on them. It is utterly impossible—psychologically impossible—for a judge who has paid money for the privilege of sitting on the bench to administer justice impartially. He may call it "voluntary assessments"—you know what voluntary assessments are. I have been told that young lawyers felt they had no chance in the courts of this city unless they belonged to Tammany Hall, and Christian young men have been forced to affiliate themselves with that offscouring of the devil. There is a good deal of thinking over this judicial matter. There is going to be some done.

Some Facts and Legal Points Relating to Public Sales.

The Reading Times furnishes the following bit of seasonable advice:

As there are a great many public sales of personal property throughout the country at every season of the year, we call the attention of auctioneers and venders to a few facts. In a sale by auction there are three parties, namely, the owner of the property to be sold, the auctioneer, and a portion of the public. The articles must be sold without reserve, and unless the vender reserves one open bid he cannot bid himself or have the auctioneer or anyone else bid for him. There are cases on record where a bid was not reserved, and the vender had a bidder who bought it in, and afterwards suit was brought against the vender by the highest outside bidder for the article, and it was decided that he, the plaintiff, was the highest bidder and entitled to the article against the vender. So, also, if an article is struck off to a person, and it is afterwards ascertained that the vender or auctioneer practiced fraud by holding himself, or had puffers, it was held both by the courts of England, and so repeatedly decided by the Supreme Courts of Pennsylvania, and that the purchaser, as soon as he discovered the fraud practiced on him, must return or tender the articles to the vender.

Death of Abram Snyder.

Friday morning Abram Snyder died at his home a short distance north of Casstown, Ohio. He was found dead in the cow stable by his wife who thought that he had some kind of a stroke. He was born in York county, this state and a number of years ago he moved to Houserville, Centre county. After leaving there he located in Ohio. He was married twice and he is survived by his second wife, (formerly Mrs. Barbara Houser, of Centre county,) three children and a step-daughter. He belonged to the Lutheran church and was nearly 79 years old.

Hunting a New Location.

The managers of the Wilkesbarre lace works are looking around for a new location for their plant, owing to the poor quality of the water furnished where they are now. If this company wants to locate in a town having the purest water in the world, and plenty of it, they should come to Bellefonte. We could offer them every advantage here they could find elsewhere and a good many more.

A Pennsylvania German.

Philip E. Womelsdorf, one of the two Republican candidates for the Legislature in Centre county, was born in Pottsville, Schuylkill county, September 17, 1859. His ancestry on his farther's side emigrated from the province of Schleswig-Holstein, Germany, some time in the seventeenth century and founded the beautiful little town of Womelsdorf, in Berks county and from them has decended a large number of the Germans of that region, who for their great patience, confidence and steadfastness of purpose are distinguishable as the true types of the Pennsylvania Germans.

Certificates of Nomination.

All candidates have until Tuesday, October 2, to file their certificates of nomination. These certificates must be signed by the officers of the convention that nominated them. The certificates for county offices must be filed with the county commissioners, while those for state offices must be sent to the secretary of the commonwealth.

Good Homes Wanted.

The Children's Aid Society of Bellefonte wants to find homes for boys aged from 4 to 13 years; and one girl aged about 13. Call on or address, Miss J. E. Natt, No. 19 West Curtin street, Bellefonte, Pa.

—Mr. Hugh Taylor, who has been suffering with neuralgia of the brain, was so low last night that the attending physicians have given up hopes of his recovery.

The Corean war has probably done more than any recent struggle to reveal to those who follow the news of the day on the atlas the extreme inaccuracy and paucity of the ordinary maps of out-of-the way regions. The public will probably never learn that the government issues at the cost of printing the best maps accessible in this country of a large part of the world. This is particularly true of the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department whose charts cover the entire world, and are often in all respects both the best and the cheapest maps which can be obtained of a particular region. The Hydrographic Office has just issued a map of Corea and its adjacent region, which is fuller and more accurate than any other map yet published in this country. It follows, for the most part, Japanese transliteration of the names, and its only serious omission is in not inserting Gengang as well as Fort Lazereff upon the eastern coast of Corea. The principal roads as well as towns and villages are indicated. The coast line is presented with great accuracy and most of the physical characters. It is possible that the course of the Tatung River might have been more clearly drawn from early Jesuit maps.

—Nomination papers are now being circulated for John G. Love's candidacy for Judge in this district. Already there are signers sufficient to insure getting his name on the official ticket.

REMEMBER there are hundreds of brands of White Lead (so called) on the market that are not White Lead, composed largely of Barytes and other cheap materials. But the number of brands of genuine

Strictly Pure White Lead

is limited. The following brands are standard "Old Dutch" process, and just as good as they were when you or your father were boys:

"Armstrong & McKelvy,"
"Beymer-Bauman,"
"Davis-Chambers,"
"Fahnestock."

For COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that it is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.
Pittsburg Branch,
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BEST AND LARGEST PRACTICAL ART MAGAZINE

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FOR 10c. we will send to any one mentioning this publication, a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price 35c). Or for 25c. we will send also "Painting for Beginners" (90 pages.)

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29-34

MONEY.

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Jan. 15,	8 per cent.	May 1,	11 per cent.
Feb. 1,	10 "	May 16,	7 "
Feb. 15,	6 "	June 1,	20 "
March 1,	9 "	June 15,	12 "
March 15,	8 "	June 30,	12 "
April 1,	5 "	July 16,	14 "
April 15,	15 "	Aug. 16,	7 "
		Aug. 1,	8 "
Total,			163 per cent.
Monthly Average,			20 1-2 "

Members are admitted daily and may deposit from $50 to $5,000 with us for investment in careful syndicate operations. Address communications and remittances to

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25-34-1y

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HYPNOTISM NUTSHELLED. Greatest book out. Tells all about the wonderful subject. Whatever your views are on Hypnotism, you will find this book of great value. Published price, 50 cents. Sent free to Homes and Hearths, the elegant household monthly. Address HOMES AND HEARTHS PUBLISHING CO., New York. 28-1y.

It affiliates with CANCER Tumors, write for book and mode of treatment to Dr. McMichael, 75 W. Tupper St., Buffalo N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS.

A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

PEFFER'S NERVIGOR

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It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by C. M. PARRISH, Druggists, Bellefonte, Pa.

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A superb mammoth tintograph in 12 colors by the distinguished artist, Maud Humphrey. It is 2 feet long and 14 inches wide and will be sent free if you tell your friends. It is called "Our Visitors," and shows a beautiful, dimpled darling clad in a warm, rich, fur-lined cloak, basket and umbrella in hand; she pulls the snow covered latch, while her golden hair shimmers in the sunshine, her cheeks blush with health and vigor and her roguish eyes sparkle merrily. Sure to delight you. A copy will be sent free, postpaid, if you promise to tell your friends and send 14 cents in stamps or silver for a three months' trial subscription to

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The *Profuse discharge of mucus* from the nose, the *dropping of mucus* from the nostrils into the throat, the *accumulation* of mucus and the constant inclination to hawk and expectorate. 50 Cts. per Box, (disks).

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIM Table, May 27th, 1894.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
			Westward	
LOCK HAVEN		4 35	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 39	9 41	4 19
Mill Hall	3.6	4 41	9 43	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 52	9 54	4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 55	9 57	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 04	10 06	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 10	10 12	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 14	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	5 22	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 28	10 34	5 12
Milesburg	28.5	5 42	10 44	5 27
Snow Shoe Int	34.8	5 46	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	5 52	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	5 01	11 03	5 46
Martha	37.0	6 00	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 17	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	6 26	11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	6 27	11 29	6 12
Dix—f	46.3	6 30	11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 36	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 40	11 42	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 44	11 46	6 29
TYRONE	54.5	6 50	11 52	6 35
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P. M.
			Eastward	
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.5	8 16	3 16	7 31
Vail	2.1	8 20	3 20	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 24	3 24	7 39
Dix—f	5.6	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.8	8 33	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 35	3 35	7 50
Port Matilda	12.9	8 42	3 42	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	3 49	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	3 58	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	4 07	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 17	4 15	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	4 18	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 33	4 28	8 43
Milesburg	30.8	9 46	4 38	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 55	4 46	9 01
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 00	4 50	9 06
Howard	39.8	10 06	4 56	9 11
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 05	9 20
Beech Creek	45.0	10 18	5 08	9 23
Mill Hall	51.8	10 29	5 19	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	5 21	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 35	5 25	9 40

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect May 27th, 1894.

Westward Dis.	Stations	Eastward A.M	P.M
P.M A.M			
4 50 10 00	Scotia	6 10	1 10
5 07 10 19 5.5	Fairbrook	5 53	1 0
5 19 10 33 8.7	Penns Cave	5 41	12 48
5 25 10 40 10.6	Hostler f	5 34	12 41
5 31 10 46 12.2	Barree f	5 29	12 36
5 35 10 51 13.5	Loysville f	5 24	12 31
5 41 10 58 15.2	Furnace Road f	5 19	12 29
5 54 11 01 15.8	Donaldson	5 16	12 23
5 52 11 15 18.2	Warriors Mark	5 04	12 11
6 01 11 23 20.5	Pleasant Gap	4 56	12 03
6 12 11 32 22.8	Stover	4 47	11 54
6 20 11 40 25.6	TYRONE	4 40	11 46

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R—Time Table in effect Nov 20, 1893

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	p.m.
.0	5.45	1 58	MONTANDON	9.10	4 50
1.5	6.15	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	9.00	4 47
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	9.00	4.47
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f	8.52	4.39
6.8	6.28	2.22	Vicksburg f	8.47	4.35
10.7	6.37	2.31	MIFFLINBURG	8.38	4.27
13.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f	8.33	4.22
15.2	6.47	2.41	Swengle f	8.27	4.17
16.1	6.50	2.43	Millmont	8.25	4.15
18.6	6.58	2.51	GLEN IRON	8.17	4.07
23.5	7.07	3.00	Pardee f	8.08	3.58
28.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f	7.57	3.48
32.2	7.27	3.20	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7.48	3.40
33.5	7.31	3.23	Ingleby f	7.45	3.37
36.6	7.38	3.30	Coburn	7.38	3.30
39.6	7.45	3.37	Zerby f	7.30	3.23
43.4	7.55	3.47	Rising Springs	7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	3.53	Penn's Cave f	7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01	CENTRE HALL	7.06	3.01
51.6	8. 6	4.07	Gregg f	7.00	2.54
54.6	8.23	4.13	Linden Hall	6.53	2.47
56.7	8 2	4.18	OAK HALL	6.47	2.42
58.8	8.32	4.22	LEMONT	6.43	2.38
60.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f	6.38	2.33
63.9	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f	6.28	2.23
65.2	8.5	4.40	Axeman f	6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE	6.20	2.1

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt. P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa,

S. M. PREVOST, Aen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 19th, 1893.

WESTWARD.				
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia daily		11 20	p m
"	" Harrisburg		3 3	a m
"	" Williamsport	"	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	"	7 31	a m
"	" Lock Haven	"	7 55	a m
"	" Renovo	"	8 55	a m
"	arrives Erie	"	3 40	p m
NIAGRA EX	l'ves Philadelphia week d'ys		8 50	a m
"	" Harrsburg	"	12 10	p m
"	arrives at Wmsport	"	3 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven	"	4 10	p m
"	" Renovo	"	5 15	p m
"	" Kane	"	9 20	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at			4 45	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia week days		2 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3 55	p m
"	" Williamsport	"	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	"	8 07	p m
"	" Renovo	"	9 00	p m
NEWS EX.	l'ves Philadelphia daily		4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg		8 15	a m
"	" Williamsport		11 20	a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven		12 15	p m
Wms'port Ex.	l'ves Philadelphia week days		4 40	p m
"	" Harrisburg		7 55	p m
"	arrive Williamsport		10 40	p m
Rochester Exp.	leaves Philadelphia w'k d's		8 50	p m
"	" Harrisb'g		12 01	a m
"	arrives Williamsp't		2 55	a m
Williamsp't	leaves Philadelphia Sun. only		4 30	p m
"	" Harrisb'g		7 55	p m
"	arrives Williamsp't		10 40	p m
EASTWARD.				
Sea Shore Express	l'ves Lock Haven	w	7 15	a m
"	" Jersey Shore		7 41	a m
"	" Wms'port		8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia		3 00	a m
DAY EX.	leaves Kane week days		6 30	a m
"	" Renovo		10 20	a m
"	" Lock Haven		11 20	a m
"	" Williamsport		12 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		3 30	p m
"	" Philadelphia		6 55	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily		3 25	p m
"	" Renovo		10 35	p m
"	" Lock Haven		11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport		12 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia		6 50	a m
EXP. NO. 6	leaves Erie		7 25	a m
"	" Kane		11 10	a m
"	" leaves Renovo		4 45	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		10 00	p m
"	" Philadelphia		4 20	a m
WMS'PORT EXP.	l'v.s Wms'port		3 25	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg		6 10	a m
"	arrives at Philadelphia		10 20	a m
Philada. Accom.	leaves Williamsp't		4 00	p m
"	" Harrisburg		7 30	p m
"	" arrives Philadelphia	at	10 15	p m

Erie Mail West. Niagra Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with B. P. & W. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V. R. R.

ANTI-STIFF

IS A MARVELLOUS PREPARATION FOR RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK, SORE THROAT, BRUISES, AND SPRAINS.

Rub well into the affected part, and you will soon be convinced of its efficacy.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

WHOLESALE, E. FOUGERA & CO., NEW YORK.

Small box, 20 cents; Medium, 35 cents Large, $1.00.

24-18-2mos

NERVE PILLS.

FREE TRIAL.

Cures Permanently all diseases of the Nervous System, either acute or chronic in either sex It restores impaired or lost power. Checks all forms of waste or drain; makes strong the weak. Full package $1; six for $5, trial package 12c, with book, sent securely sealed on receipt of price. Address Dr. R. Dumont, 98 S. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill. 24-30-1y

Roach Non-Suited.

Franklin, Pa., Sept. 21.—The case of John Roach vs. the Eclipse Lubricating Company, limited, which has been on trial here for two days, came to an abrupt termination this forenoon, Judge Taylor granting a compulsory non-suit on the ground that no case had been made out. The suit resulted from the great flood and fire catastrophe in Oil City on June 5, 1892, in which over fifty lives were lost. The plaintiff in the case lost his entire family and based a suit for damages on the alleged negligence of the defendant company in leaving a benzine tank, which he claimed was not sufficiently protected, thereby causing it to be undermined by the flood and the benzine to spread on the waters, which, when it exploded, killed his family. Thirty similar suits against the Eclipse Company were awaiting on he result in the present case.

Confederates Before the G. A. R.

Cumberland News.

There is something exceedingly touching in the spectacle of a confederate soldier appearing before a national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and moving the old soldiers of the Union by the fervor of his eloquence to elect a Southern city as the next place of meeting for that body. The reception which Gordon and Watterson received at Pittsburg is a gratifying evidence of the final disappearance of all the old war times bitterness, and we thank God that it is so.

IVORY SOAP

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DON'T ACCEPT IMITATIONS.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI

THE "NITTANY BULLETIN."

A Unique Publication Appearing "Every Once-in-a-While."

Friday evening we were handed a copy of the "Nittany Bulletin," a novel advertising sheet issued by the Valentine Iron company, and, we presume, edited by Mr. J. W. Gephart, the superintendent. Under the head of "Politics," its leading article is as follows:

Our bulletin cannot expect to long maintain its prestige in the field of journalism unless, like all other great journals it takes a hand in shaping the affairs of the nation. Like other editors, we must advise, chastise, and philosophize on diplomacy, finance, tariff, and public morals, else our literary venture will soon perish, our subscribers desert us, and a great financial crisis overtake us. Treading in the footsteps of our great metropolitan periodicals, we must walk circumspectly in this field. Care must be taken not to say anything on any subject to which there are not two sides; or on which our subscribers and patrons are about evenly divided. Having selected our political theme, we must try, if possible, to say something favorable to both sides of the great issue in the same article. This is sometimes difficult. Statesmen, especially congressmen, frequently fail in the effort. Editors often rise to the emergency. If the straddle is too difficult, we observe they sometimes cover the one side in one, and the other in a subsequent issue. This we regard as the next best plan to being on both sides at once. The aim seems to be to please everybody, offend nobody, and increase the list of subscribers. In view of this diagnosis, great care must be exercised in selecting a theme. We have laid awake at nights to avoid erring at this juncture. We have about concluded to tackle "Breckinridge." About the whole country (this takes in all our subscribers) is against him. Everybody will applaud and no one cancel their subscription on this issue. His defeat is an evidence that morality and politics have not been permanently divorced—only temporarily estranged. The fact is, we hope they will soon be reunited, and celebrate either their silver, or golden, or greenback wedding. (We had to use the whole three in this figure, to please all sides on the money question.) When this reunion occurs we doubt if Breckinridge will need to play solitaire on his retirement. Politics is a wonderful field. Like the ocean, it is strewn with derelicts. Every season increases the number. Strange mutations occur. Willson had a bill, but he himself hardly knows what became of it. Miss Pollard had another, little thought of at first, which has become a national issue. By removing the veil from inner Washington, she has started a moral force which may, and should, engulf the immorality so prevalent of late in our public life. The weak things of the earth occasionally confound the mighty. Perhaps woman has found her place in politics. If the desolate will turn informers against our wayward statesmen, and the poor and virtuous vindicate their fallen sisters by working and praying for the defeat of the unworthy in public life, a purer atmosphere will soon envelop our public buildings and our whole national life. The nation, be believe, is about satisfied to let the tariff and finance alone, and can profitably follow up this new lead."

Under the heading, "Speculation," the "Bulletin" gives the condition of the iron market as vastly improved and continually improving, owing to the shortage in supply of the raw pig, and not because of "tariff or no tariff." The remainder of the sheet, which is nicely gotten up, is made up of advertising matter for the product of the Valentine furnace.

His Prisoner Was Dead.

Springfield, Mo., September 19.—J. W Johnson, deputy United States marshal, has returned a warrant issued for the arrest of J. S. Little, of Mayflower, wanted for opening a registered letter and taking $40. The warrant was returned with the statement that Little was dead. When Deputy Johnson arrested the postmaster, he asked to be allowed to change his clothes, and on returning was dressed in black and carrying a Bible. This he gave to the deputy, saying it was his last will and testament, and requested that he be allowed to take a nap for two hours, stating that at the end of that time he would be dead. The deputy granted the request but guarded him. At the end of two hours the officers went to wake his prisoner, whom he found dead. He had concealed a butcher knife in his clothing and had stabbed himself.

Dr. Parkhurst's Campaign.

New York, September 19.—The good government campaign opened last night in the Park Avenue Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, was the principal speaker. He explained his attack upon the judiciary as follows: "There has come a confession from judges whose names even I do not know, that they had paid solid cash for their election. God have mercy on them. It is utterly impossible—psychologically impossible—for a judge who has paid money for the privilege of sitting on the bench to administer justice impartially. He may call it "voluntary assessments"—you know what voluntary assessments are. I have been told that young lawyers felt they had no chance in the courts of this city unless they belonged to Tammany Hall, and Christian young men have been forced to affiliate themselves with that offscouring of the devil. There is a good deal of thinking over this judicial matter. There is going to be some done.

Some Facts and Legal Points Relating to Public Sales.

The Reading Times furnishes the following bit of seasonable advice:

As there are a great many public sales of personal property throughout the country at every season of the year, we call the attention of auctioneers and venders to a few facts. In a sale by auction there are three parties, namely, the owner of the property to be sold, the auctioneer, and a portion of the public. The articles must be sold without reserve, and unless the vender reserves one open bid he cannot bid himself or have the auctioneer or anyone else bid for him. There are cases on record where a bid was not reserved, and the vender had a bidder who bought it in, and afterwards suit was brought against the vender by the highest outside bidder for the article, and it was decided that he, the plaintiff, was the highest bidder and entitled to the article against the vender. So, also, if an article is struck off to a person, and it is afterwards ascertained that the vender or auctioneer practiced fraud by holding himself, or had puffers, it was held both by the courts of England, and so repeatedly decided by the Supreme Courts of Pennsylvania, and that the purchaser, as soon as he discovered the fraud practiced on him, must return or tender the articles to the vender.

Death of Abram Snyder.

Friday morning Abram Snyder died at his home a short distance north of Casstown, Ohio. He was found dead in the cow stable by his wife who thought that he had some kind of a stroke. He was born in York county, this state and a number of years ago he moved to Houserville, Centre county. After leaving there he located in Ohio. He was married twice and he is survived by his second wife, (formerly Mrs. Barbara Houser, of Centre county,) three children and a step-daughter. He belonged to the Lutheran church and was nearly 79 years old.

Hunting a New Location.

The managers of the Wilkesbarre lace works are looking around for a new location for their plant, owing to the poor quality of the water furnished where they are now. If this company wants to locate in a town having the purest water in the world, and plenty of it, they should come to Bellefonte. We could offer them every advantage here they could find elsewhere and a good many more.

A Pennsylvania German.

Philip E. Womelsdorf, one of the two Republican candidates for the Legislature in Centre county, was born in Pottsville, Schuylkill county, September 17, 1859. His ancestry on his farther's side emigrated from the province of Schleswig-Holstein, Germany, some time in the seventeenth century and founded the beautiful little town of Womelsdorf, in Berks county and from them has decended a large number of the Germans of that region, who for their great patience, confidence and steadfastness of purpose are distinguishable as the true types of the Pennsylvania Germans.

Certificates of Nomination.

All candidates have until Tuesday, October 2, to file their certificates of nomination. These certificates must be signed by the officers of the convention that nominated them. The certificates for county offices must be filed with the county commissioners, while those for state offices must be sent to the secretary of the commonwealth.

Good Homes Wanted.

The Children's Aid Society of Bellefonte wants to find homes for boys aged from 4 to 13 years; and one girl aged about 13. Call on or address. Miss J. E. Natt, No. 19 West Curtin street, Bellefonte, Pa.

—Mr. Hugh Taylor, who has been suffering with neuralgia of the brain, was so low last night that the attending physicians have given up hopes of his recovery.

The Corean war has probably done more than any recent struggle to reveal to those who follow the news of the day on the atlas the extreme inaccuracy and paucity of the ordinary maps of out-of-the way regions. The public will probably never learn that the government issues at the cost of printing the best maps accessible in this country of a large part of the world. This is particularly true of the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department whose charts cover the entire world, and are often in all respects both the best and the cheapest maps which can be obtained of a particular region. The Hydrographic Office has just issued a map of Corea and its adjacent region, which is fuller and more accurate than any other map yet published in this country. It follows, for the most part, Japanese transliteration of the names, and its only serious omission is in not inserting Gengang as well as Fort Lazereff upon the eastern coast of Corea. The principal roads as well as towns and villages are indicated. The coast line is presented with great accuracy and most of the physical characters. It is possible that the course of the Tatung River might have been more clearly drawn from early Jesuit maps.

—Nomination papers are now being circulated for John G. Love's candidacy for Judge in this district. Already there are signers sufficient to insure getting his name on the official ticket.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Best and Purest Medicine EVER MADE.

It will drive the Humor from your system, and make your skin clean and smooth. Those Pimples and Blotches which mar your beauty are caused by impure blood, and can be removed in a short time, if you are wise and use the great blood purifier,

SULPHUR BITTERS. Why suffer with Boils? Why lay and make yourself a regular loafer? Why suffer with Rheumatism? What loss on that bed of pain, With Headache? Your nerves are all unstrung, and need a gentle soothing tonic to assist nature to repair the damage which your excesses have caused. Sulphur Bitters is not a cheap Rum or poor Whiskey drink, to be taken by the glass, like other preparations which stimulate only TO DESTROY. If you have failed to receive any benefit from other medicine or doctors, do not despair. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will cure you where all others fail. No person can remain long sick who uses

SULPHUR Bitters

The Dose is small—only a teaspoonful. It is the best and cheapest medicine. Try it, and you will be satisfied. Get it of your Druggist.

DON'T WAIT. GET IT AT ONCE

If you are suffering from Kidney Disease, and wish to live to old age, use SULPHUR BITTERS They never fail to cure.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

FREE TRIALS

convince the skeptic and point the way which if followed leads to

VIGOROUS HEALTH FOR MEN

Prof. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED Pastille

THE PASTILLE CURE TRADE MARK FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY

Has been put up in a proprietary form since 1878, and has been used for years prior to that time in private practice. It is no untried nostrum, of doubtful reputation, but a genuine specific for a very prevalent disease. Thousands of men, of all ages, have at some time in life brought on nervous debility and exhaustion, with organic weakness, by over brain work, excesses, too frequent indulgence or indiscretion and vicious habits, and it is to these that we offer a remedy that will, by its direct action upon the seat of the disease, stop the drain and restore the patient to vigorous health and strength.

Our method of introducing Prof. Harris' Pastille treatment is one which commends itself to all sensible persons—for the reason that we supply it upon their judgment of its value. We ask of our patrons nothing in the way of expense beyond a postal card and a two cent postage stamp. The postal card to be used in sending us their full address and the postage stamp for the letter returning the statement of their case for which we supply them with a question blank, to be filled out, and an envelope addressed to ourselves for use in returning it when filled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE.

When we receive the statement on blank we prepare eight days' treatment and forward it by mail and prepay postage thereon—and along with the eight days' treatment we send full directions for using. The treatment in no way interferes with a person's attention to business, and causes no pain or inconvenience in any way.

We are so positive that it will give perfect satisfaction that we leave the matter of sending orders entirely with those using the free trial treatment. Having satisfied those sending for trial packages of our ability to benefit their sexual condition we feel that they are more largely interested than ourselves in continuing the use of the Pastilles. Even then we do not attempt to rob them by demanding high prices. On the contrary, we make the prices as low as possible, and the same to all. They are as follows: $3 for one month; $5 for two months; $7 for three months.

These prices secure the delivery of the Pastilles by mail. If desired by express we leave the patient to pay the charges. For over ten years we have operated our business upon this plan with satisfactory results.

We ask all persons needing treatment for any of the secret ills which come to mankind through a violation of nature's laws to send us their address on postal card or by letter and allow us to convince them that PROF. HARRIS' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES have merit and are what they need.

All communications confidential and should be addressed to

The HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists

50 Beekman St., NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.

CAPITAL $25,000

REMEMBER there are hundreds of brands of White Lead (so called) on the market that are not White Lead, composed largely of Barytes and other cheap materials. But the number of brands of genuine

Strictly Pure White Lead

is limited. The following brands are standard "Old Dutch" process, and just as good as they were when you or your father were boys:

"Armstrong & McKelvy,"
"Beymer-Bauman,"
"Davis-Chambers,"
"Fahnestock."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that it is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.
Pittsburg Branch,
German National Bank Building, Pittsburg.

The ART AMATEUR.

BEST AND LARGEST PRACTICAL ART MAGAZINE

(The only Art Periodical awarded a Medal at the World's Fair.)

Invaluable to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their homes beautiful.

FOR 10c. we will send to any one mentioning this publication, a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price 35c). Or for 25c. we will send also "Painting for Beginners" (90 pages.)

MONTAGUE MARKS, 23 Union Square, N. Y.

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Honest, temperate, energetic men to solicit orders for FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL NURSERY STOCK. Permanent employment and good wages; also liberal inducements to local agents. Varieties especially adapted to Pennsylvania. The business easily learned. Write at once for terms and territory. Address

H. G. CHASE & CO.,
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MONEY.

HOW TO MAKE IT:

Join the Mutual Speculative Syndicate.

Net dividends to members since Jan. 2, 1894.

Jan. 15,	8 per cent.	May 1,	11 per cent.
Feb. 1,	10 "	May 16,	7 "
Feb. 15,	5 "	June 1,	20 "
March 1,	9 "	June 15,	12 "
March 15,	8 "	June 30,	12 "
April 1,	5 "	July 16,	14 "
April 15,	15 "	Aug. 16,	7 "
		Aug. 1,	8 "
Total,			163 per cent.
Monthly Average,			30 1-2 "

Members are admitted daily and may deposit from $50 to $5,000 with us for investment in careful syndicate operations. Address communications and remittances to

PUBLIC STOCK and GRAIN EXCHANGE,
407 Wood St., - - - Pittsburg, Pa.

Or DELANEY & CO., bankers & brokers, 117 and 118 Rialto (Board of Trade annex), CHICAGO, ILL.

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ERRORS OF YOUTH

and Obscure Diseases specially and permanently cured by the celebrated specialist,

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No deception, no false representation. I will cure you positively and make you vigorous and strong. Treatment by mail a specialty and strictly confidential. Send 4c. in stamps for book on HOME CURE TREATMENT

SPEEDY and LASTING RESULTS.

FAT PEOPLE

You can get this. No inconvenience. Simple, sure. ABSOLUTELY FREE from any injurious substance. LARGE ABDOMENS REDUCED. You can stay this.

We GUARANTEE a CURE or refund your money. Price $5.00 per bottle. Send 4c. for treatise. TREMONT MEDICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

HYPNOTISM NUTSHELLED. Greatest book out. Tells all about the wonderful subject. Whatever your views are on Hypnotism, you will find this book of great value. Published price, 50 cents. Sent free to Homes and Hearths, the elegant household monthly. Address HOMES AND HEARTHS PUBLISHING CO., New York. 28-1y.

If afflicted with CANCER or Tumors, write for book and mode of treatment to Dr. McMichael, 73 W. Tupper St., Buffalo, N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DR. PEFFER'S

FEMALE PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by C. M. PARRISH, Druggists, Bellefonte, Pa.

PICTURE FREE

A superb mammoth tintograph in 12 colors by the distinguished artist, Maud Humphrey. It is 2 feet long and 14 inches wide and will be sent free if you tell your friends. It is called "Our Visitors," and shows a beautiful, dimpled darling clad in a warm, rich, fur-lined cloak, basket and umbrella in hand; she pulls the snow covered latch, while her golden hair shimmers in the sunshine, her cheeks blush with health and vigor and her roguish eyes sparkle merrily. Sure to delight you. A copy will be sent free, postpaid, if you promise to tell your friends and send 14 cents in stamps or silver for a three months' trial subscription to

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIM Table, May 27th, 1894.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	WESTWARD P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 35	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 39	9 41	4 19
Mill Hall	3.6	4 41	9 43	4 21
Beech Creek	5.3	4 52	9 54	4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 56	9 57	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 04	10 06	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 10	10 12	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 14	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	5 22	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 32	10 34	5 12
Milesburg	23.5	5 42	10 44	5 27
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	5 46	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	5 52	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	6 01	11 03	5 46
Martha	37.0	6 09	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 17	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	6 26	11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	6 27	11 29	6 12
Dix—f	46.8	6 30	11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 35	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 40	11 42	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 44	11 46	6 29
TYRONE	54.3	6 50	11 52	6 35

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P. M.
TYRONE		8 10	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 16	3 16	7 31
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 35
Bald Eagle	5.6	8 24	3 24	7 39
Dix—f	8.9	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.8	8 33	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.6	8 35	3 35	7 50
Port Matilda	13.9	8 42	3 42	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	3 49	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	3 58	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	4 07	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 17	4 15	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	4 18	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 33	4 28	8 43
Milesburg	30.8	9 46	4 38	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 55	4 46	9 01
Mt Eagle—f	36.6	10 00	4 50	9 06
Howard	39.8	10 06	4 56	9 11
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 05	9 20
Beech Creek	45.0	10 18	5 08	9 23
Mill Hall	51.3	10 29	5 19	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	5 21	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 35	5 25	9 40

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect May 27th, 1894.

Westward Dis.	Stations	Eastward A.M	P.M
P.M	A.M		
4 50	10 00	Arr Lv	2 40
5 07	10 19	5.5 Fairbrook	25.5 2 23
5 19	10 32	8.7 Penns. Furnace	16.2 2 11
5 25	10 40	10.6 Hostler	15.3 2 5
5 31	10 46	12.2 Marengo	13.6 2 0
5 35	10 51	13.5 Loysville	12.1 1 55
5 41	10 58	15.2 Partners Gap	10.5 1 49
5 54	11 01	15.8 Donaghs	9.8 1 46
5 52	11 15	18.2 Warriors Mark	7.4 1 38
6 01	11 23	20.5 Thompsons	5.1 1 29
6 12	11 32	23.5 Shuey	2.4 1 18
6 20	11 40	25.6 TYRONE	1 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R—Time Table in effect Nov 20, 1893

Dis.	Westward P.M.	P.M.		Eastward A.M.	P.M.
.0	5.49	1 58	MONTANDON	9.10	4 50
1.5	6.18	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	9.50	4 47
1.5	6.18	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	9.00	4.47
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f	8.51	4.39
6.8	6.28	2.22	Vicksburg f	8.47	4.35
10.7	6.37	2.31	MIFFLINBURG	8.38	4.27
12.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f	8.33	4.22
15.2	6.47	2.41	Swengle f	8.27	4.17
16.1	6.50	2.45	Millmont	8.25	4.14
13.6	6.58	2.51	GLEN IRON	8.17	4.07
22.5	7.07	3.00	Pardee f	8.08	3.59
25.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f	7.27	3.48
27.2	7.27	3.20	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7.48	3.40
28.5	7.31	3.23	Ingleby f	7.45	3.37
30.6	7.38	3.30	Coburn	7.38	3.30
32.6	7.45	3.37	Zerby f	7.30	3.23
33.4	7.55	3.47	Rising Springs	7.21	3.14
46.2	8.02	3.53	Penn's Cave f	7.14	3.07
49.2	8.09	4.01	CENTRE HALL	7.06	3.01
51.5	8. 6	4 07	Gregg f	7.00	2.54
54.6	8.23	4.13	Linden Hall	6.53	2.47
56.7	8 2	4.18	OAK HALL	6.47	2.42
58.3	8.32	4.22	LEMONT	6.43	2.38
60.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f	6.38	2.33
62.3	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f	6.28	2.23
65.2	8.5	4.40	Axeman f	6.25	2.20
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE	6.20	2.1

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt. P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division). On and after Nov. 22th, 1893.

	WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia daily	11 20	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 3	a m
"	" William'sport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 31	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 55	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 55	a m
"	arrives at Erie "	3 40	p m
NIAGRA EX	leaves Philadelphia week d'ys	8 50	a m
"	" Harrsburg "	12 10	p m
"	arrives at Wmsport "	3 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	4 10	p m
"	" Renovo "	5 15	p m
"	" Kane "	9 20	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 45	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia week days	2 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	7 55	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	8 07	p m
"	" Renovo "	9 00	p m
NEWS EX.	leaves Philadelphia daily	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg	8 15	a m
"	" Williamsport	11 20	a m
"	" arrives at Lock Haven	12 15	p m
Wms'port Ex.	leaves Philadelphia week days	4 40	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 55	p m
"	" arrive Williamsport	10 40	p m
Rochester Exp.	leaves Philadelphia w'k d's	8 50	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	12 01	a m
"	" arrives Williamsp't	2 55	a m
Williamsp't	" leaves Philadelphia. Sun. only	4 30	p m
"	" Harrisb'g	7 55	p m
"	" arrives Williamsp't	10 40	p m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore Express	leaves Lock Haven w	7 15	a m
"	" Jersey Shore.	7 41	a m
"	" Wms'port	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 00	a m
DAY EX.	leaves Kane week days	6 30	a m
"	" Renovo	10 20	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 20	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 30	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	8 25	p m
"	" Renovo	10 35	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport	12 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	a m
EXP. NO. 6	leaves Erie	7 25	a m
"	" Kane	11 10	a m
"	leaves Renovo	4 45	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	10 00	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 20	a m
WMS'PORT EXP.	lv's Wms'port	3 25	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg	6 10	a m
"	arrives at Philadelphia	10 20	a m
Philada. Accom.	leaves Williamsp't	4 00	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 30	p m
"	arrives Philada at	10 15	p m

Erie Mail West, Niagra Express West, a Day Express East make close connection Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Er with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corr with B. P. & W. N. N; at Emporium with N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V R. R.

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Bellefonte Republican,

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—The September days are beginning to take their leaves off the trees.

—One, two, three—and probably four—weddings will take place in the near future.

—A party of six young people drove to State College Monday evening and enjoyed a good time at the University Inn.

—It would take an express train, running continously at the rate of 3,000 feet a minute, 283 years to reach the sun from this planet.

—The *Evening Journal* of Williamsport, suspended publication with last Friday's issue. Lack of advertising patronage was the reason.

—Dr. Schaeffer, superintenent of public instruction, has fixed Friday, October 19th, as fall Arbor Day to be observed in the public schools.

—The Republican judicial conference has this week yet in which to make a nomination. Let them now get down to work and do something.

—Have you paid your county tax yet? If not attend to it now. Do not expect the county committee to do that which it is your duty to do.

—Butter is now worth 25 cents a pound and is a very scarce article in Bellefonte at that price. It looks as if all the cows in the county were on a strike.

—The driest place in the world is said to be in that part of Egypt between the two lowest falls of the Nile. Rain has never been known to fall there.

—Mr. and Mrs. Archie Allison expect to occupy their new house in about ten days now. When comfortably situated they will be about as cosy as any family in Bellefonte.

—Work will soon be commenced by the P. R. R. company on the paving of High street, near the station, with Mill Hall brick. It will be a vast improvement over what it now is.

—The first issue of the *Weekly Hornet*, published by the Howard Publishing Co., at Howard, Pa., D. S. and F. S. Dunham editors and managers, has made its appearance. It is an 8-page paper and we wish it all success.

—Next Tuesday evening will be the regular meeting night for the Bellefonte Board of Trade. Members should not forget to be present as the list of standing committees for the ensuing year will be read by the new president.

—Dr. W. F. Beck, an old Centre county boy, but who has been located at Tyrone, will succeed to the practice of the late Dr. J. E. Wasson, deceased, at Spruce Creek. Mr. Beck has received the appointment of P. R. R. surgeon at that place.

—It is greatly to be hoped that the present cool wave will not continue to wave until winter sets in and snow falls. It is entirely too early in the season to have to wear an overcoat, and yet that is just what is necessary such weather.

—There will be a parlor meeting in the W. C. T. U. rooms Friday Evening, Sept. 28, at 7.30 o'clock. Mrs. Mair, of Pittsburg, will address the meeting. All persons are invited to be present, as the exercises promise to be of an interesting nature.

—Only a few days over a week yet remain until the day for the gathering of the young religious workers of Centre, Clinton and Lycoming county at Hecla park. Saturday, Oct. 6th, is the date, and everybody should work for the success of the gathering.

—Remember the foot ball game at State College on Saturday. It will be the first of the season and will undoubtedly be a good game as both the Washington and Jefferson and the State College teams were the champions in their respective localities last year. The game will be called at 1 o'clock.

—The district convention of the Womans Relief Corps will be held in Lock Haven this week. The convention meets on Thursday and there will be two sessions, one in the forenoon and one in the afternoon. Fifty or more delegates are expected from the counties of Centre, Lycoming, Bradford, Tioga and Clinton.

—With its usual characteristic truthfulness the Philadelphia *Times* on Monday attempts to "call us down" for crediting to Mr. M. L. McQuown glories he never won. When the whole truth of the matter is the statements accredited to us were published in the *Keystone Gazette* and not in this paper. The *Times* man should be more careful when criticising and not make such ridiculous blunders.

—Next Saturday the State college eleven will go again the crack team representing the Washington and Jefferson college. The game will be played at State College and the outcome will be awaited with interest by the enthusiasts in this section. Washington and Jefferson was the leading team in western Pennsylvania last year, and State college was the champion of central Pennsylvania. Both elevens are evenly matched and a hotly contested game is anticipated.

THE CENTRE COUNTY FAIR.

Another Large and Interesting Meeting—The Farmers all Invited to Join in the Movement.

On Tuesday evening about one hundred citizens of Bellefonte assembled in the Wheelmen's Club rooms to take further action in the re-organization of the Centre County Fair Association. Chairman Shoemaker called the meeting to order promptly at 8 o'clock and the Secretary read the minutes of the previous meeting which were approved as read.

John S. Waite, chairman of the committee appointed at the last meeting to look up the various suitable locations and secure options on the same, reported that they had visited a tract of land owned by the Valentines, lying south of reservoir hill, on which they reported very favorably as to its adaptability, but had not been able to secure an option on the grounds Another location was the tract of land owned by Mr. E. C. Humes, on the east end of Bishop street. This location is a good one and could be secured for a reasonable price. The committee also visited the McCoy & Linn tract, but in order to get enough of land at that place it would be necessary to purchase a few acres from John P. Harris and some from the Rhoads estate. This location would be a good one but the committee had not been able to secure an option on the same. They feel positive, however, of having everything necessary by the next meeting night

On motion of Mr. Bush the committee was further instructed to not only secure options on each location, but to make a careful estimate of what it would cost to put each one in a finished condition.

On motion of Mr. Sechler the committee was further empowered to drop all locations on which a suitable race course could not be laid out.

On motion of J. C. Meyer, Esq., the chairman appointed Edwin F. Garman, J. C. Meyer, John Meese, Hammon Sechler and Clement Dale a committee to devise some proper and suitable plan of permanent organization, and report same at next meeting. The committee was also empowered to correspond with farmers in every portion of the county and solicit their co-operation in the movement.

On motion of Robert Hunter the press of Centre county was requested to fully present this matter to the people, through their columns, and invite and urge the farmers throughout the entire county to take an active interest in this movement and join with Bellefonte in making the organization of the fair association a success; and to attend the next meeting to be held in the court house on Thursday evening, October 4th, when it is expected to have everything in readiness to complete a permanent organization.

During the evening there was, naturally, considerable discussion pro and con on locations, organization, etc., but throughout it all there was a surprising unanimity of sentiment that the time is now here for the organization of an association and the interest manifested shows clearly that the people who have taken hold of the movement mean to make a success of it.

For the benefit of the farmers and all others throughout the county who may not have seen our former article or have heard about the movement, we will say that it is the purpose to organize an association, the purpose of which will be to hold a first-class agricultural fair every year. A fair where farmers can bring exhibits of produce and stock; and where premiums will be paid for the best of everything. There will be a half-mile race course on the grounds, and everything needful to make the place the equal, if not superior, to any fair and athletic grounds in the state. And the movement, as well as the members in the association, is not to be confined to Bellefonte. All farmers and business men throughout the county are earnestly invited to join in the movement; help in its organization and become permanent members thereof. So that any person and every person in the county, who feels an interest in again having a good county fair, is invited to be present at the meeting in the court house on Thursday evening, October 4th, when it is believed a permanent organization will be effected, and work on the grounds begun at once.

Amusements.

"A Breezy Time" is now in its fourth season. Like wine, it is said that "A Breezy Time" improves with age, and although it is still young it has been built up since it was last sent on the road. It is now under a new management, and new gags, incidents and specialties have been introduced liberally. The only people who remain from the original organization of last season are E. B. Fitz and Kathryn Webster; the former a comedian of exceptional abilities, weighing 280 pounds, and the latter a soubrette who actually has a singing voice. Although "A Breezy Time" has a plot, and an interesting one at that, it is not so elaborate that a special car has to be used to carry it from place to place.

At Garman's opera house, next Tuesday night, you will have a chance to see a musical farce comedy, well liked through Pennsylvania.

$250,00 an Acre.

Centre county farmers might profit by the following. Newton Haupt, son of Isaac Haupt, of this place, on Tuesday shipped his second car load of cabbage to Pittsburg. He there finds ready sale for it at $1.50 a barrel. This nets him, after paying expense of shipment, commission, etc. the neat sum of two hundred and fifty dollars per acre for the land he has planted. Newt has over one hundred thousand heads this year and it being of the low Flat Dutch variety, he finds a ready sale for it.

To-Night.

A comedy-drama that fairly bristles with strong situations and stirring lines was seen at the Standard theater last evening, under the title of "Killarney and The Rhine." As the name would indicate, the play is both of Irish and German interest. The principal character, that of Conrad, is a German, who is in love with Eily O'Neil, a young colleen. Through their love making an interesting story is woven that is well worked out. The company, which is headed by J. E. Toole and Miss Minnie Jarboe, is adequate. Mr. Toole as Conrad was excellent. He is a natural comedian, and in the several "heavy" scenes he acted with true dramatic firmness. Miss Minnie Jarboe was pleasing as Eily O'Neil, and the remainder of the company was acceptable.—*Ledger*, Philadelphia, Sebt, 12, 1893.

A Large Man.

The Brookville Democrat gives the following particulars regarding the size and weight of the biggest man in that part of the state: "Thomas Pifer, of Henderson township, is the biggest man in Jefferson county and probably larger than any in any adjoining Jefferson. His weight is 363 pounds. He measures 54 inches around the waist and 66 inches around the abdomen. His health is good and he would be able to work every day were it not for his excessive flesh. He was born in Jefferson county and has lived nearly all his life in the Paradise settlement, Henderson township. Abont the only exercise he takes is driving a buggy. It takes four and one-half yards of cloth to make him a pair of pants."

Reaping Political Honors.

The members of Governor Beaver's cabinet are reaping political honors, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*. Adjutant General Hastings is the republican nominee for governor and will be elected by 300,000 majority; Secretary of the Commonwealth Stone has been elected to congress from the Warren district and was given a unanimous renomination, which is almost equivalent to a unanimous election, and Attorney General Kirkpatrick has been nominated for congress by the republicans of the Northampton district, with a fair chance of election. Only Governor Beaver's determination to stick to business and let politics alone for awhile has prevented him from being in public position.

Here Is News.

A religious journal of Leeds, England, publishes the following remarkable bit of American news: "A big revolution is now going on in the United States of America, and there is little doubt that the Government will be defeated. The dictator, Debs, has been driven from his palace, and he and his mistress are now hiding in the mountains. The greatest trouble has been experienced in the capital at Chicago, where Grover Cleveland has obtained complete control. The railroad at that place has been torn up and thrown into the Mississippi river, and the stockyard has been razed to the ground."

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of Marriage Licenses granted by the Register of Centre county during the past week:

Frank Titus, of Philipsburg, and Sarah Bodle, of Port Matilda.

Harold R. Roan, of Boggs township, Clearfield county, and Matilda D. Everett, South Philipsburg.

Martin Fleck, Huston township, and Hannah Jane Tate, of Culp, Blair county.

Lot C. Thompson, of Liberty township, and Nannie K. Holter, of Howard boro.

—Every reader of this paper is earnestly requested to do all he can to further the county fair movement. Every thing now points to the consummation of the project and, as it will be a good thing for Bellefonte and Centre county, it should be aided and abetted in every way. Let every person interested work together harmoniously in the selection of a suitable location, as well as in everything else, and have only the one object in view and that, the organization of a Centre county fair association, and the thing is sure to succeed.

Free Text Books a Success.

The department of public instruction is daily in receipt of letters from teachers and school superintendents who speak encouraging of the effect of the new school law, giving free text books to all pupils in Pennsylvania. The attendance is better and the work of all schools very much improved. The new law has been a great assistance to thousands, and especially to the poorer classes, each and every child being given the same opportunity to procure an education.

Schools of the State.

Over 1,000,000 childrrn are enrolled in the schools of Pennsylvania. The property used in carrying on these schools is over $40,000,000. Over $14,000,000 a year is expended upon them. The state makes an appropriation of $5,500,000 a year for them.

—There are altogether too many giddy girls on the street every night to make mashes. They should be tucked up in their little cribs and out of harm's way.

HUGH TAYLOR'S DEATH.

A Brief Sketch of His Life. Funeral on Wednesday.

In the death of Mr. Hugh Taylor Bellefonte has lost one more of its respected citizens; a man who has lived here a quarter of a century and who by his kindly acts bestowed so willingly, had won the friendship of every one with whom he came in contact. But death is a relentless destroyer and with its icy clutch has taken away the loved and loving husband and father while yet in the prime of life.

Mr. Taylor was the son of Hugh and Isabella Taylor and was born in County Monaghan, Ireland, November 27, 1844, thus being aged 49 years, 9 months and 29 days. While but a lad of 17 years, or in 1861, he came on a visit to his brother James, who was then farming in Canada, it being his intention to return to his home in Ireland. Once here, however, he was so well pleased with the new country that he concluded to see more of it and from the spring of 1862 until in 1866 he traveled through the New England and Eastern States. In 1866 he came to Bellefonte, and, with the exception of one year spent in Tyrone, has lived here all the rest of his life. In 1867 he was married to Miss Anna Starr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Starr. The result of this union was fourteen children, thirteen living and all at home. They are Hugh S., Frank E., Robert B., Elizabeth, Isabella, Edmund R., Gertrude L., Harold A., Mary L., James G., W. Gladstone, Berenice M., Stella Beatrice (dead), and Joseph Russell. Three sisters and one brother also survive the deceased. Mr. Taylor was a machinist by trade and worked at that business during his life in Bellefonte. Of late years he has been constantly in the employ of the Steam Heating company.

Always a strong and robust man, Mr. Taylor enjoyed the best of health until about ten days ago when he was taken ill. Nothing of a serious nature was at first believed to be wrong, but as the disease developed it was found that he was suffering with acute neuralgia of the brain. This finally developed into hemorrhages of the brain which caused his death at twenty minutes past one o'clock on Tuesday.

United Brethren Church Appointments.

At Saturday evening's session of the Allegheny conference, United Brethren church, Bishop Hott announced the appointments for the ensuing year. Following are the appointments in the Altoona district:

R. S. Woodwar, presiding elder.
Altoona—First church—A. L. Funk.
Second church—B. L. Seneff.
Bellefonte—B. C. Shaw.
Bellwood—E. B. Somers.
East Salem—J. F. Kelly.
East Freedom—George Noden.
Huntingdon—B. J. Hummel.
Hustontown—Thomas Dick.
Liverpool—W. H. Blackburn.
Mt. Union—J. F. Tallhelm.
Millheim—C. C. Miller.
New Paris—W. A. Jackson.
Orbisonia—B. F. Moore.
Philipsburg—A. W. Maxwell.
Port Matilda—W. Cramer.
Stormstown—E. T. Ott.
South Williamsport—E. G. Spessard.
Three Springs—G. R. Sparks.
Tuscarora—S. F. Coville.
Tyrone—L. Keister.
Wallace Run—W. A. Dillen.

Who are These People?

On Saturday a letter was received at the Bellefonte postoffice addressed to "Mrs. Jacobs, Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.," from the (Health Department) City Hospital, St. Louis, Mo., as follows:

DEAR MADAM:—I beg to inform you that Chas. F. Adams is at this institution in a very serious condition.

Very respectfully,
HEINE MARKS, Supt.

On Monday a card was received which read as follows:

Cahs. F. Adams died at this institution at 2.30 o'clock p. m., Thursday, Sept. 20. Do you wish to bury the body? Certificates are at Health office.

Respectfully,
HEINE MARKS, Supt.

Now, there is no Mrs. Jacobs in Bellefonte to whom this letter belongs, and the question is does any of our readers know any such a lady, or who Chas. F. Adams is? Any information would be gladly received by the postoffice authorities in this place.

Gratifying Indications.

The drilling of the well near Karthaus of the Salt Lick gas and oil company is going steadily downward. On Friday quicksand was struck when at a depth of seventy feet, which necessitated the procuring of drive pipe. The quicksand is an indication of oil and gas that has strengthened the conviction of the projectors that their hopes will be realized.

The stockholders and drillers seem elated over the prospects and on Saturday over five hundred dollars' worth of stock was sold.

All Crops Below the Average.

The weather crop bulletin for the week ending September 17th, for the central section of the state says:

The breakage of the drought enables the farmers to resume their fall plowing and seeding, and this work is now well advanced. The rains came too late to be of much benefit to staple crops, and only the very late ones will be improved. Considerable corn already in shock, and most potatoes and buckwheat harvested. All crops are below average. Fruit short. Pasturage improved, and late truck benefitted.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Personal Pencillings.

Ed. Blanchard, Jr., departed on Monday for Haverford college, in Montgomery county.

Mrs. Dunlop, of Ralston, Lycoming county, is a guest at the home of Mrs. Brown, on High street.

Mr. Frank B. Stover departed on the Tuesday afternoon train for Lewisburg to attend the fair at that place.

Mrs. Alice L. Taylor, of Elmira, N. Y., is at present visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Scanlon at Axemann.

Gen. James A. Beaver was one of the speakers at the big Republican rally held in Huntingdon Monday evening.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings accompanied the General to Lock Haven on Tuesday and spent the day with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Saltsman.

Miss Annie Kline departed at 2.15 on Tuesday for Vicksburg, Union county. Miss Kline expects to attend the Lewisburg fair several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs Harry Badger departed on the 2.15 p. m. train Tuesday for Mifflinburg, on a visit to Mr. B's parents. While there they expect to take in the fair at Lewisburg.

Mr. Edwin Clifford, representing "A Breezy Time" company, favored this office with a brief call on Tuesday afternoon. His show will appear in Garman's opera house Tuesday evening October 2nd.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Forbes, of Chambersburg, and W. Lee Woodcock, of Altoona, were guests at the residence of Rev J. A. Woodcock, on East Linn street, over Sunday. Mr. Forbes is a brother of Mrs. Woodcocks.

Messrs. Frank Lukenbach, of Philipsburg, and Ed. Shaffer, of Everett, were two former Bellefonte young men who spent Sunday in town. It is needless to say they both received warm greetings from their numerous friends.

This office was Friday morning favored with a visit by Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Walters, of Hillsdale, Miama county, Kansas. Mr. and Mrs. W, are here visiting the former's brother, Mr. Philip Walters, of Snydertown, and were on their way to the granger's picnic Friday morning. The gentleman describes the political feeling in Kansas as very much republican at the present time.

Mrs. W. S. Gordon, of Topeka, Kansas, with her children Mary and Walter, are guests at the home of Mrs. Mary Gordon, on west Curtin street. Mrs. Gordon is a Centre county girl by birth and was a student at the Bellefonte academy, but has not been here for twenty years. She is now treasurer of the Ladies Auxiliary of the G. A. R. and continued her visit to the National Encampment, at Pittsburg last week, on to this place.

Riddled With Bullets.

Cleveland, O., September 25.—J. B. Caven, general passenger and freight agent of the Valley Railroad company, and one of the best known railroad men in the state, was murdered in a questionable part of the city some time after midnight. This morning the body when found was riddled with bullets.

The body was found in the rear of the Clement block, on Rockwell street. There is as yet no clue to the murderer. The houses adjacent to the place where the body was found are rented to transients, male or female, and the sign, "Furnished Rooms to Rent," is displayed in many windows. It is not known whether Caven had visited any of these places. Caven was a man of good character, and so far as known did not drink. He has been with the Valley railway for five years, having previously been general freight agent of the Baltimore and Ohio for thirty years. He was 59 years of age, a widower, and leaves six children.

Temperance Rally.

On Friday, Sept. 28th, the Central R. R. of Pa., will sell excursion tickets from all points to Clintondale Park and return at the usual low picnic rates on account of the Temperance Rally.

In addition to regular trains leaving Bellefonte at 7.00 a. m. 3.45 and 8.30 p. m., and Mill Hall at 8.20 a. m., 5.10 and 9.52 p. m. a special train will depart from Bellefonte at 9.45 a. m., and Mill Hall at 1.00 p. m.

J. B. Soule Nominated.

At a meeting of conferrees representing the Prohibitionists of the senatorial district composed of Clinton, Clearfield and Centre counties, held in the dental office of Dr. Isaac Guss, of Philipsburg, J. B. Soule, of Milesburg, was formally nominated for the office of senator in the general assembly. He was duly notified of his nomination and has accepted the honor.

The Agriculturists' Program.

Secretary Edge, of the state board of agriculture, has completed the program for the Fall meeting of the board at State College, October 17-18. Addresses of welcome will be made by ex-Governor Beaver, president of the board of trustees; Dr. George W. Atherton, president of the college and ex-Representative Woodward, on the part of the Centre county agricultural society Governor Pattison will respond. Papers will be read by Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaeffer on "The State College and its Relation to the Public Schools;" Calvin Cooper, Lancaster, "Catch Crops;" Dr. H. P. Armsby, State College, "The Work of the Experiment Station;" Dr. H. S. Waters, "The Agricultural Courses of the College;" President Atherton, "A System of Education for Pennsylvania;" D Z. Shoak, Greencastle, "The Relation of Farm Landlords and Tenants;" W. H. Riddle, Butler, "Delusions;" ex-Senator Hood, Indiana, "What a Farm Deed Includes;" J. L. Stone, Waverly, "Breeding Dairy Cows;" Dr. E. W. Tool, Freeburg, "Vocal Music in the Public Schools;" Jason Sexton, Spring House, "What is Successful Farming;" Representative Seybert, "Useful Education;" George T. Powell, Ghent, N. Y. "The causes of Agricultural Depression and Some Remedies;" "Prof. John Hamilton, State College, "The Successful Farmer a Specialist;" Prof. G. C. Butz, State College, "Pruning Grape Vines" and Frederick Jaekel, Hollidaysburg, "Feeding Fruit Trees."

Foster on the Weather.

My last bulletin gave forcasts of the storm wave to cross the continent from Sept. 20 to 24, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 24th, cross the western mountains by the close of the 25th the great central valleys from the 26th to 28th, and the eastern states about the 29th. This disturbance will be of more than usual force and will develop its greatest energy east of the Mississippi. It will probably be accompanied by destructive storms, and followed by killing frosts, the latter north of latitude 38. The first October storm wave will reach the Pacific coast about Sept. 30, cross the western mountains by the close of Oct. 1, the great central valleys from the 2d to the 4th and the eastern states about the 5th. General rains may be expected from the two storm waves mentioned above. Warm waves will cross the western mountain about Sept. 24 and 30, the great central valleys Sept. 26 and Oct. 2 and the eastern States about Sept. 28, and Oct 4. Cool waves will cross the western mountains about Sept. 29 and Oct. 3, the great central valleys Sept. 29 and Oct. 5 and the eastern states Oct. 1 and 7. My calculations for October are not complete, but indications are for warm, dry weather in the upper Missisippi and Missouri valleys—north of St. Louis; warm weather average rain in the Ohio valley and Tennessee, and war, dry weather in the eastern states.

State Sunday School Convention.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association will be held in Huntingdon, Oct. 9-11. It promises to be one of the most interesting and important Sabbath school conventions ever held in our State. The Hon. Robert E. Pattison, Governor of Pennsylvania, will open the convention with an address on Tuesday evening Oct. 9. The sessions on Wednesday and Thursday will be devoted to the discussion of the best methods for advancing the interests of the Sabbath school work of our State, and to addresses, conferences and normal classes.

Delegates desiring orders for reduced rates upon the railroads should address Rev. W. R. Laird, 317 West Miner street, West Chester, stating what railroads they will use in coming to Huntingdon, and those desiring entertainment should advise J. R. Simpson, Esq., Huntingdon, as early as may be convenient.

Purchased the Livery.

Ex-Sheriff William A. Ishler and J. W. Rightnour have purchased the livery and feed stables of George VanTries, located on Pike alley, in the rear of the Gazette office. The new proprietors, although having been in charge but a few days, are already doing a good business. They keep seven head of horses—all good stock and have the best of carriages, buggies, etc. Both men are old horsemen and will be perfectly at home in this business.

Sociable at Milesburg.

On next Saturday evening the Milesburg Young People's Christian Endeavor Society will hold a sociable in the Presbyterian church. They expect an unusually pleasant time and have invited the Bellefonte Society to visit them on that occasion. For the benefit of all those desiring to go a hack will make the trip down and back. The fare for both ways will be but 25 cents. All those desiring to go should hand in their names to Mr. Samuel Taylor,